

Results on Bandwidth Measurements

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US ATLAS Pixel Upgrade Meeting



Outline

- Transmission on micro-cables
- Transmission on TRT micro-cables
- Transmission on micro-coax
- Summary



Read Out Architect

• G. Darbo, P. Farthouat, A. Grillo, ATL-P-EN-0001





- Signals from modules can be sent to current PP0 location (1.4 m)
- Signals from modules (320 Mb/s) can be transmitted up to \sim 3 m



Eye Diagrams

1 mm TRT shield twisted pair (320 Mb/s, 100 Ω)

5 m

4 m



Signals from modules (320 Mb/s) can be transmitted up to 4 m

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Pass/Fail

(02) =

Q2:> True

Passed

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Test with Micro Coax

- Use 4 m of Belden 1674A micro coax with 1.2 mm OD
 transmit LVDS signals at 3.7 Gb/s on two coax
- Use Altera Stratix II GX to study pre-emphasis settings
 - use 8B/10B encoding



Eye Diagrams

Pre-emphasis



• pre-emphasis opens up the eye diagram

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P2: Setup..





Opto-Link Locations

- Use skinny cables to transmit 320 Mb/s signal to ~ 3 m
 - no further R&D needed
 - minimum material (8 x 2 x 150 µm cables)
- Use TRT micro cables to transmit 320 Mb/s to 4 m
 - no further R&D needed

• significantly more material (8 x 2 x 127 μ m cables + insulation)

- Use micro coax to transmit 3.7 Gb/s to 4 m
 - significant R&D needed
 - significantly more material (2 x 1 mm cables)





- Need to choose a coax cable first
 - qualify radiation-hardness



- tune t_0 , P_0 , and P_1 of pre-emphasis
- implement pre-emphasis in driver ASIC
- qualify radiation-hardness
- require at least 2 years of R&D
 - require at least 2 ASIC iterations



Summary

- Can bring 320 Mb/s signals to ~ 3 m on skinny wires
- Can bring 320 Mb/s signals to 4 m on TRT twisted pairs
- Can bring 3.7 Gb/s signals to 4 m on coax with significant R&D