

Status of On-Detector Opto-Links

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Outline

- Results on prototype opto-boards
- Status of accelerated lifetime test
- Plan/summary



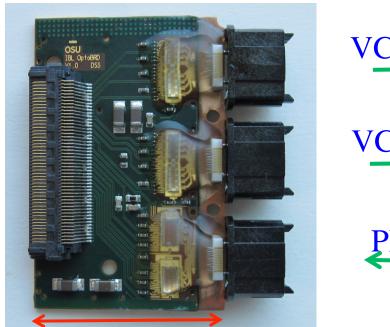
Opto-Board Flavors

- 3 opto-board flavors
 - nSQP D opto-board (disk): 7 TTC + 14 data links
 - nSQP B opto-board (B-layer): 7 TTC + 14 data links
 - ◆ IBL opto-board: 8 TTC + 16 data links
- very similar design for IBL and nSQP opto-boards
 - ⇒ IBL opto-board R&D benefits greatly from that for nSQP



Status of IBL Opto-Board Prototyping

- One IBL opto-board fabricated
 - pass go/no go
 - pass QA after burn-in and thermal cycle
- Building 9 more for system test distribution



VCSEL

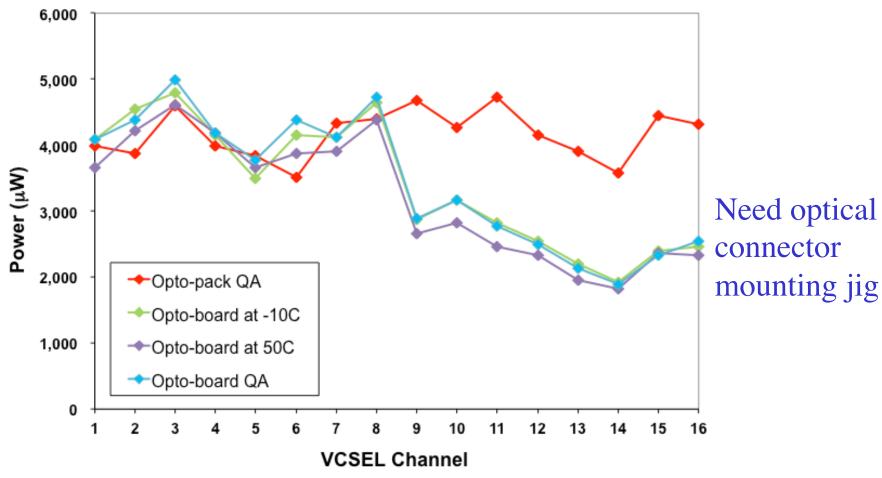
VCSEL

PIN

3 cm



IBL Opto-Board Optical Power

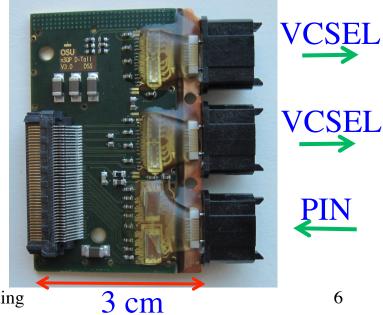


Excellent optical power!!!



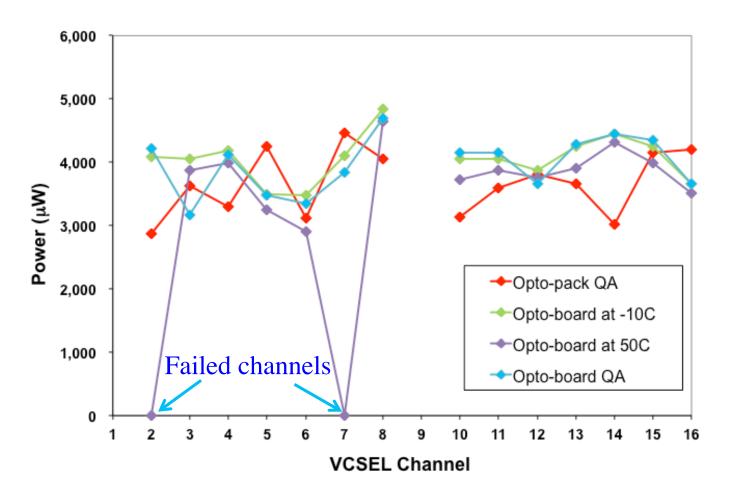
Status of nSQP Opto-Board Prototyping

- four nSQP B opto-boards distributed: CERN, SLAC, Wuppertal, Bern
- One nSQP D opto-board fabricated
 - pass go/no go
 - wirebond failures after thermal cycling on DTO2 VDC to opto-pack
 - ⇒ optimization of wire bond parameters in progress





D Opto-Board Optical Power



Excellent optical power but two channels failed

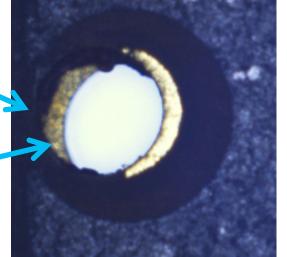


D Opto-Board Fabrication Problems

- VVDC/GND shorts on 6 of the 25 boards
 - shorts removable by high current/mechanical scraping
 - caused by problems with large hole drilling
- Problems at passive assembly house caused by misalignment between the copper plate holes and PCB holes
 - the connector would not sit flat
 - ⇒ should drill bigger holes on copper plate

PCB drill hole shifted

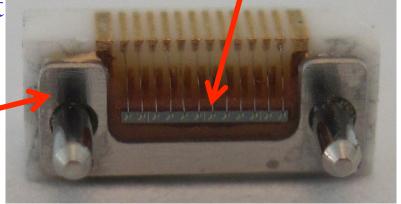
Copper plate not aligned



Accelerated Lifetime Test

- VCSEL array mounted on opto-pack should survive at least 1,000 hours at 85 C and 85% humidity
 - to qualify two vendors: ULM and Finisar
- IBL GM, June 2012:
 - 20 ULM arrays survived to 1,000 hours
 - analysis of failed arrays after 1,000 hours
 - scrapping of optical epoxy wicked up guide pins might cause mechanical stress

⇒ use dam for epoxy containment



array

dam

Finisar Accelerated Lifetime Test Fiasco

Sept 2011:

- loaded 20 VCSEL arrays
- 16 exhibit high common serial resistance after a few hours
- manufacture data on wafer shows a possible related problem
- vendor replaced the arrays at no cost

• Feb 2012:

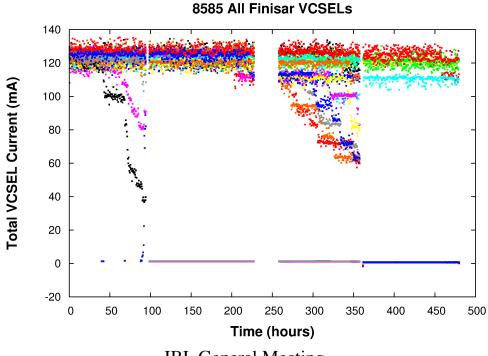
- loaded 20 VCSEL arrays
- expired wirebond encapsulant turns black and eats bonds⇒ all samples fail
- July 2012:
 - loaded 5 VCSEL arrays with dams for optical epoxy containment
 - environmental chamber breaks due to failed fan
 - ⇒ rain inside oven
 - ⇒ all samples ruined



More Accelerated Lifetime Test

Sept 2012:

- loaded 20 VCSEL arrays
- fibers inserted during test to exert connector spring force
- after 50 hours: channels on 4 arrays failed
- after 250 hours: channels on 10 additional arrays failed

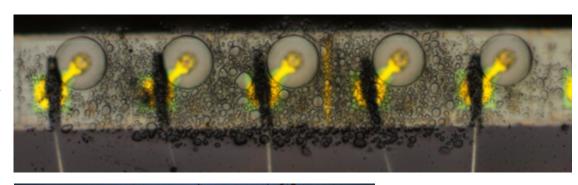




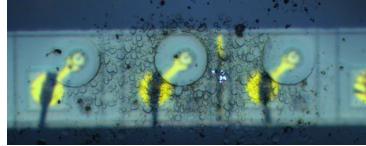
Postmortem

- Microscopic analysis shows 6 of the failed arrays have indentations in the optical epoxy
 - similar to those on several recently failed TX VCSELs
 - unfortunately no such indentations on other 8 failed arrays

Failed OSU opto-pack



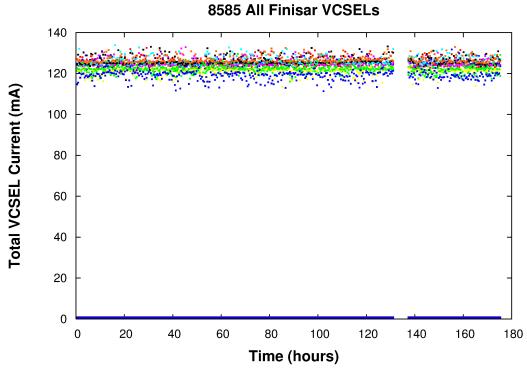
Failed TX





Latest Accelerated Lifetime Test

- switch from aluminum to gold wire bonds
- no optical epoxy
- began test on 10 arrays
 - no failures after 175 hours





Summary

- much learned from failed accelerated lifetime tests on VCSEL arrays
- started on latest accelerated lifetime test
- exercised burn-in/thermal cycle/QA system on opto-boards
- will build more nSQP B boards after successfully fabricated
 10 IBL and 10 nSQP D opto-boards