



# Study of Opto-Box

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# Outline

- Radiation Length of Electrical Links
- Opto-Box with GBT
- Opto-Box with Low-Speed Downlinks
- Opto-Box with GBT Array



# Radiation Length of Electrical Links

- Up-links: AWG30 Cu-clad Al TwinAx:  $X/X_0 = 0.076\%$
- Down-Links: AWG36 twisted pair:  $X/X_0 = 0.0086\%$ 
  - ◆ all smeared over 1 cm at normal incident
- If each pixel module is served by one up and one down links
  - ⇒ down link contributes 10% of the radiation length
- one down link can serve 4 FE chips
  - ◆ Layer 1: reduce wire counts by a factor of 4
  - ◆ Layer 2: reduce wire counts by a factor of 2
  - ◆ Layer 3-5: each module contains 4 FE chips
- having one down link serving more than 4 FE chips will result in large loss of solid angle if one link is broken

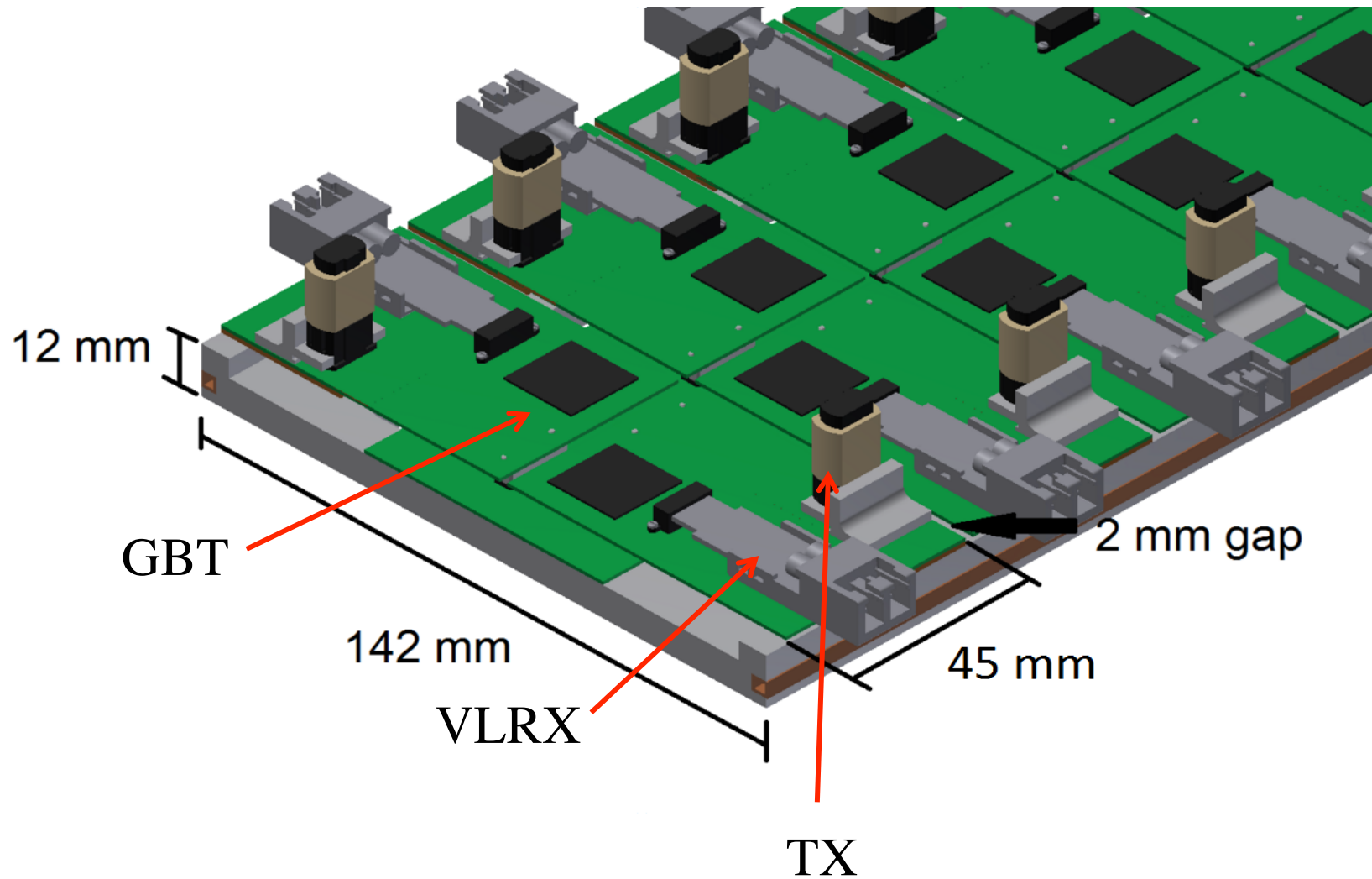


# Opto-Box with GBT

- Basic assumptions:
  - ◆ up-links: use 12-channel VCSEL array operating at 5 Gb/s
  - ◆ down-links: use one GBT
    - send 160 Mb/s signal to modules

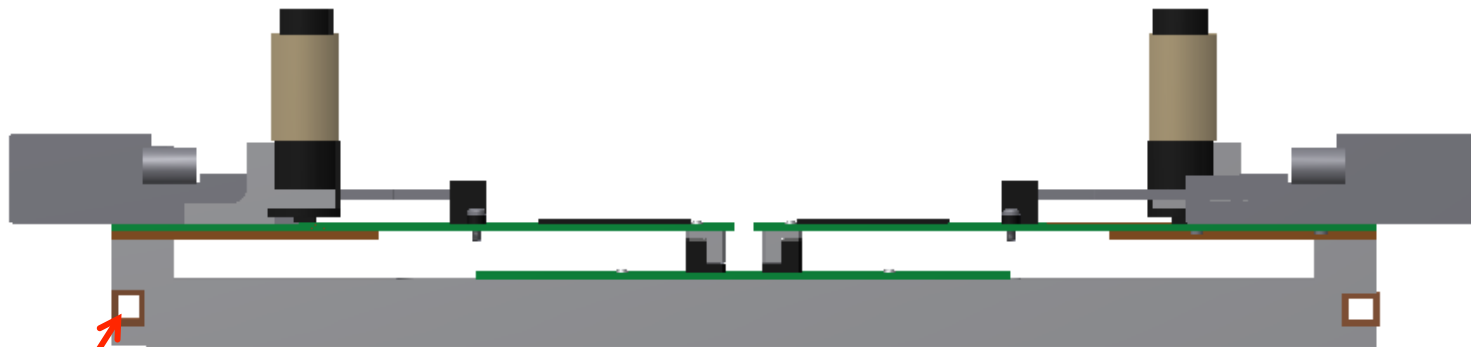


# Opto-Box with GBT





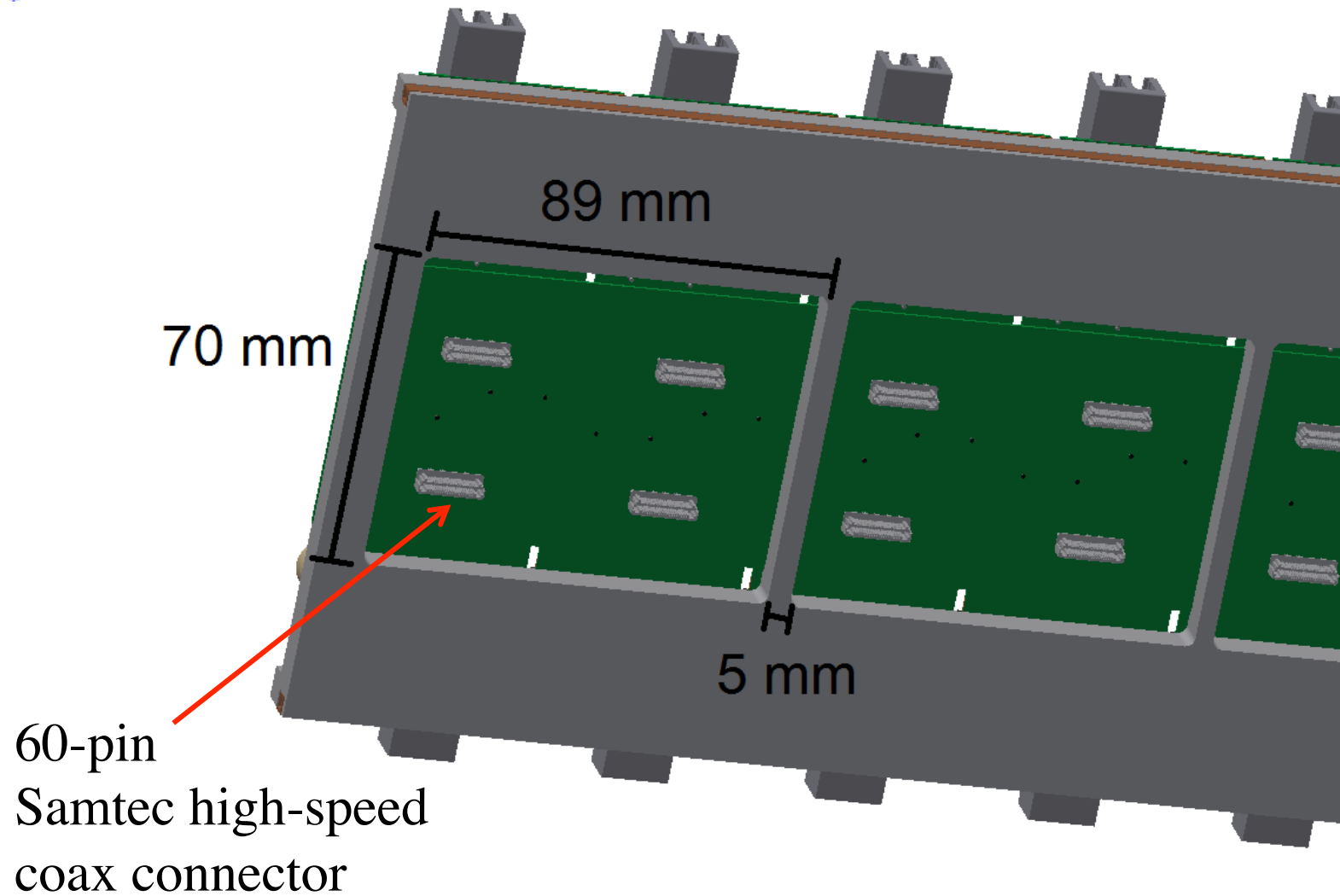
# Side View



Cooling pipe



## Bottom View

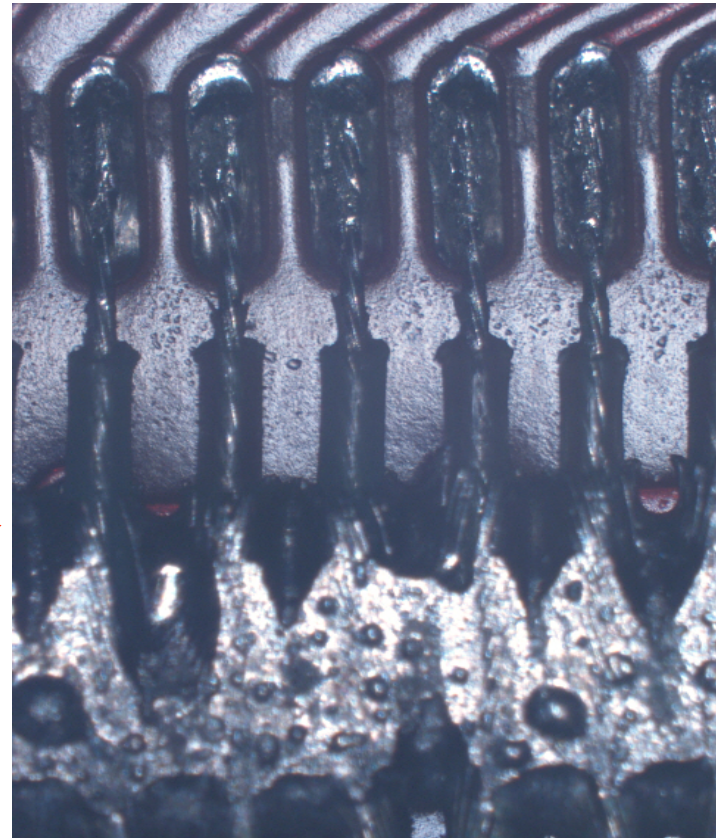
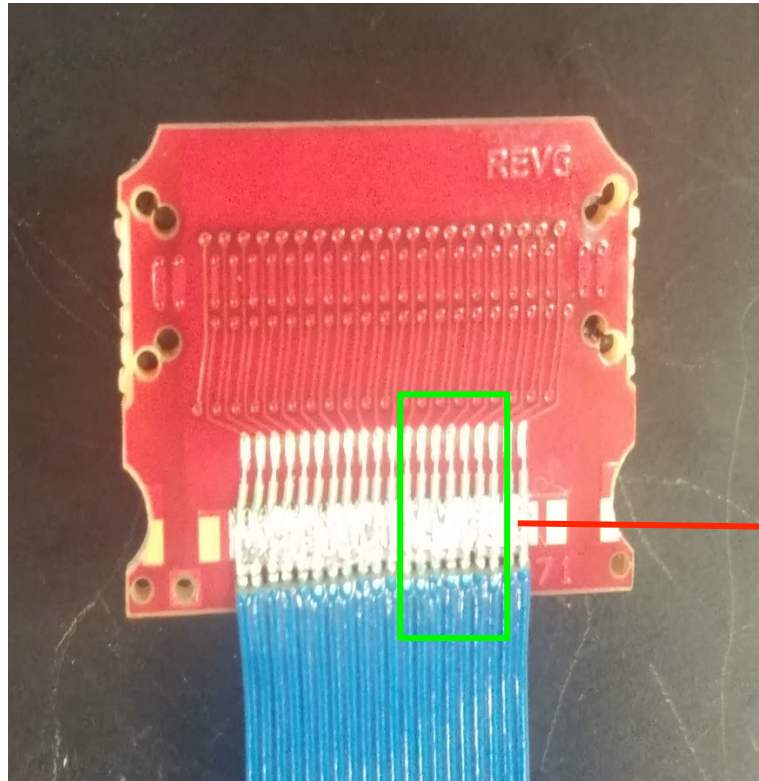


K.K. Gan

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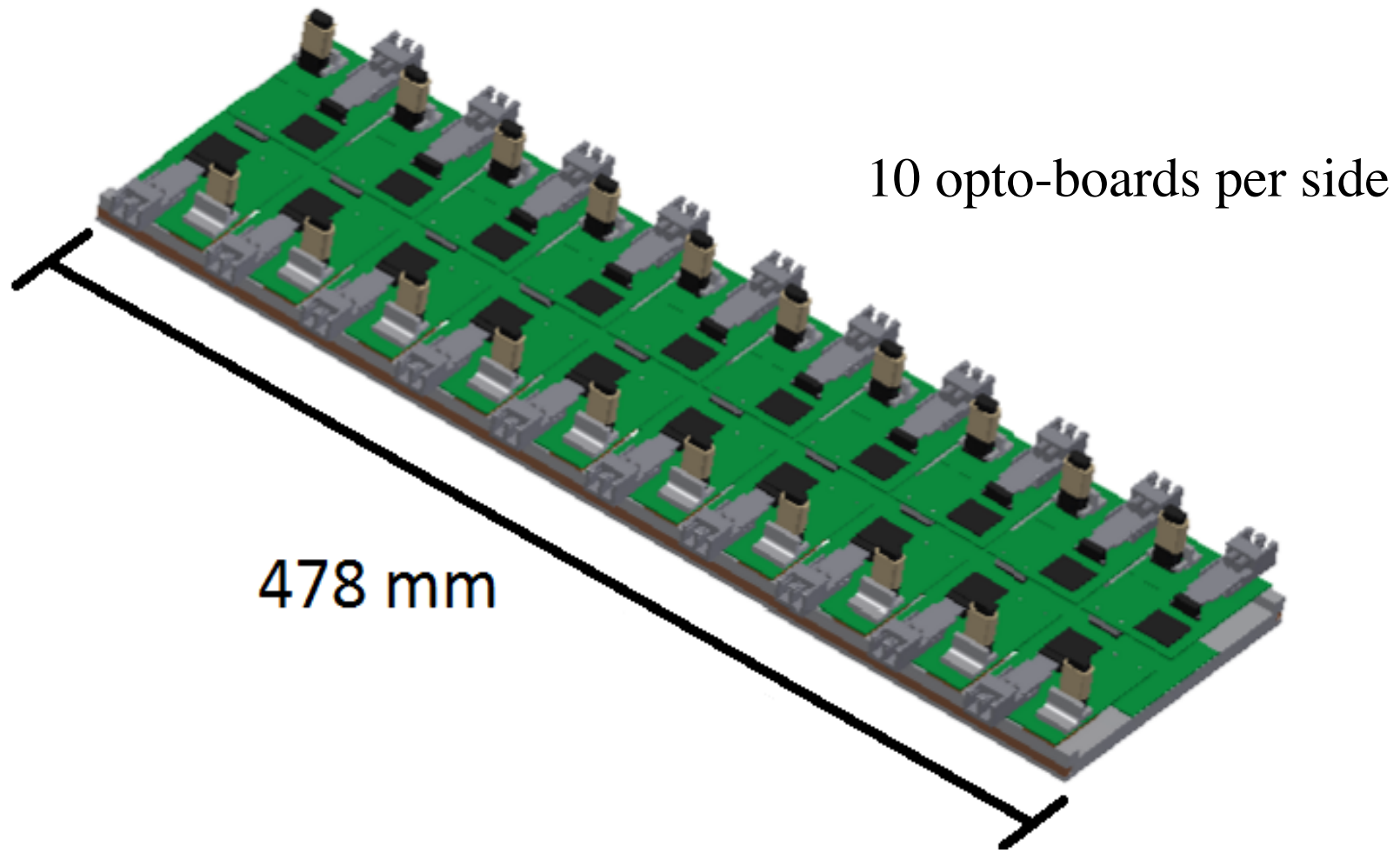
# Samtec High-Speed Coax Connector





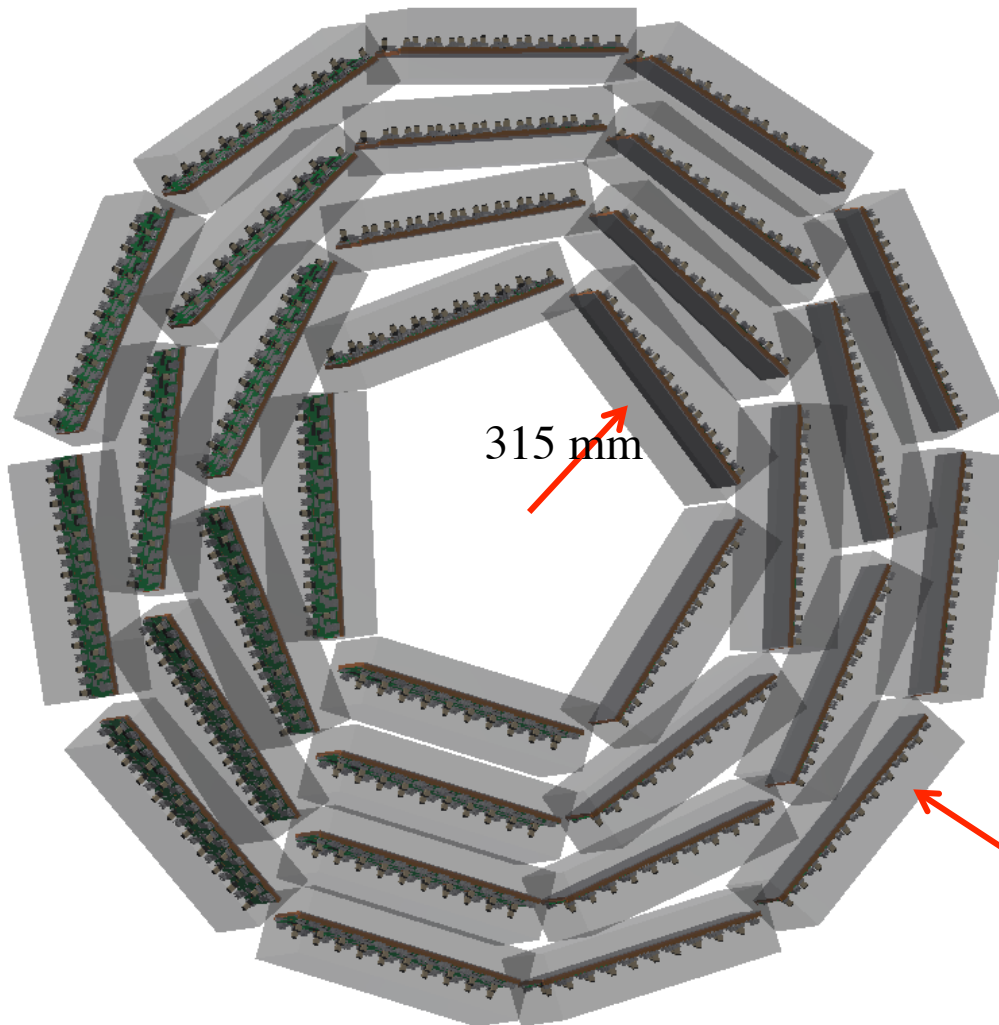


# Opto-Box





# Opto-Box at ID Endplate



32 opto-boxes  
2 x 10 opto-boards/box  
640 opto-boards

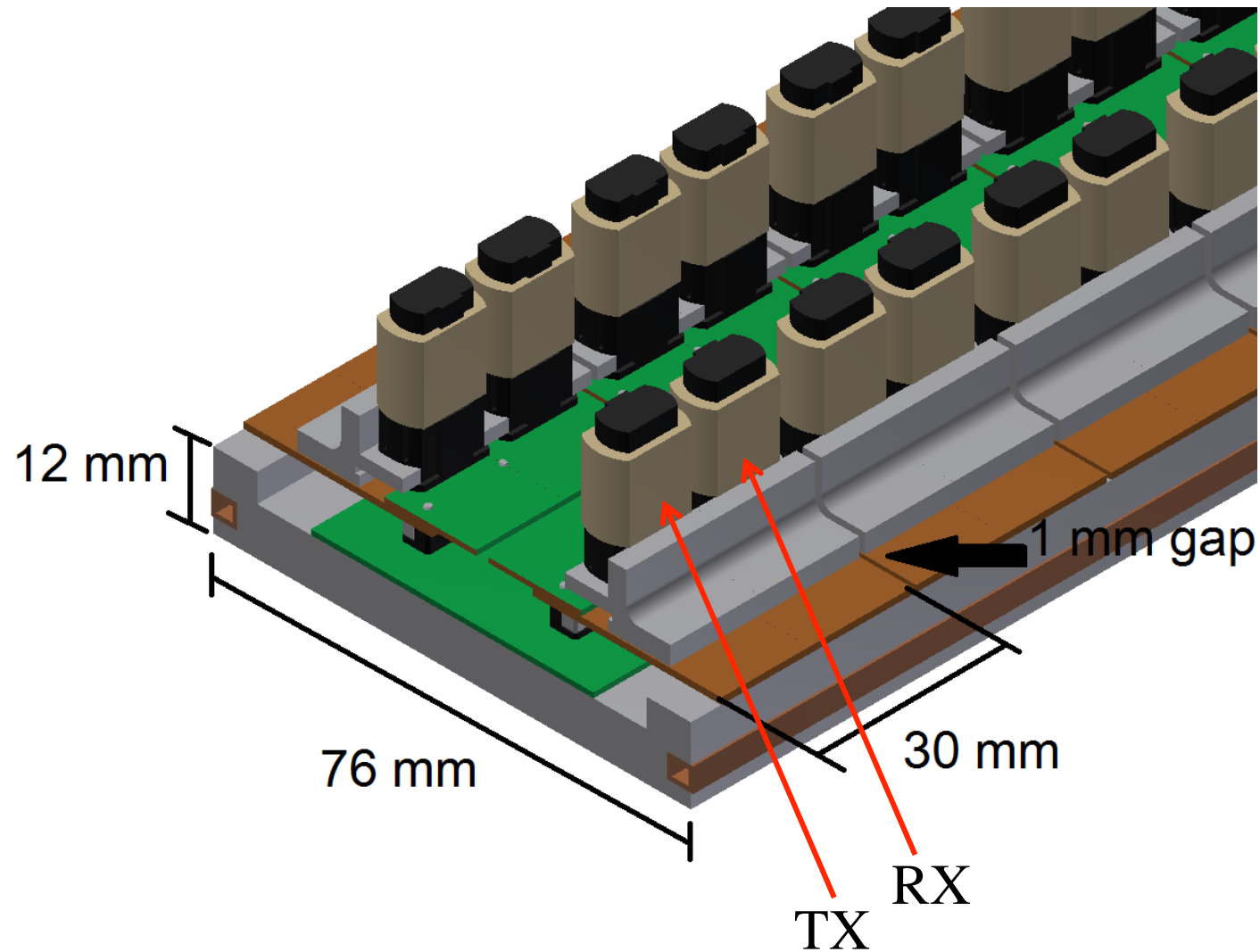


# Opto-Box with Low-Speed Downlinks

- Basic assumptions:
  - ◆ up-links: use 12-channel VCSEL array operating at 5 Gb/s
  - ◆ down-links: send 12 channels of 8b/10b signals at 160 Mb/s from counting room to opto-box
    - not a technical challenge to program FPGA in counting room and to develop low-speed ASIC for the opto-board
    - send 160 Mb/s signal to modules
    - ☺ one opto-board flavor with up- and down-links using MTP connectors as in current opto-board
    - ☺ use relative old/proven technology

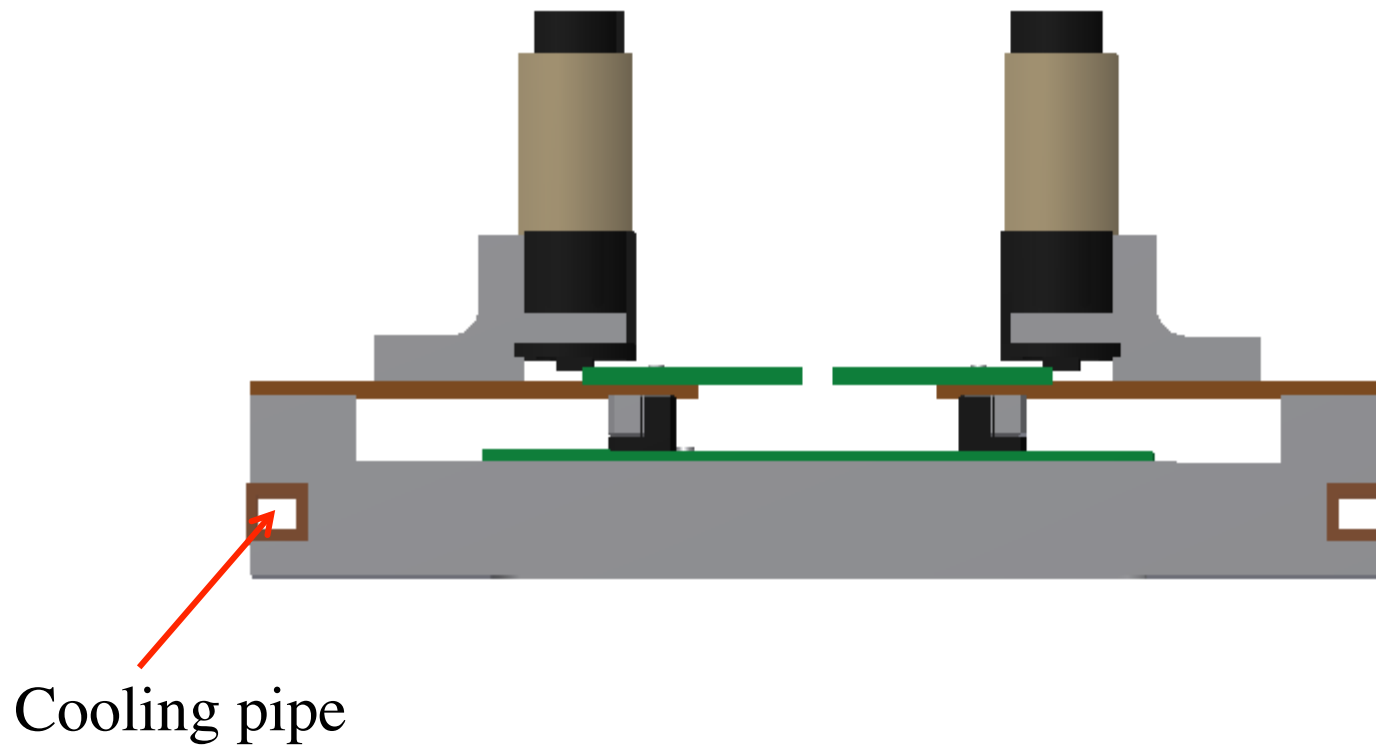


# Opto-Box with Low-Speed Downlinks



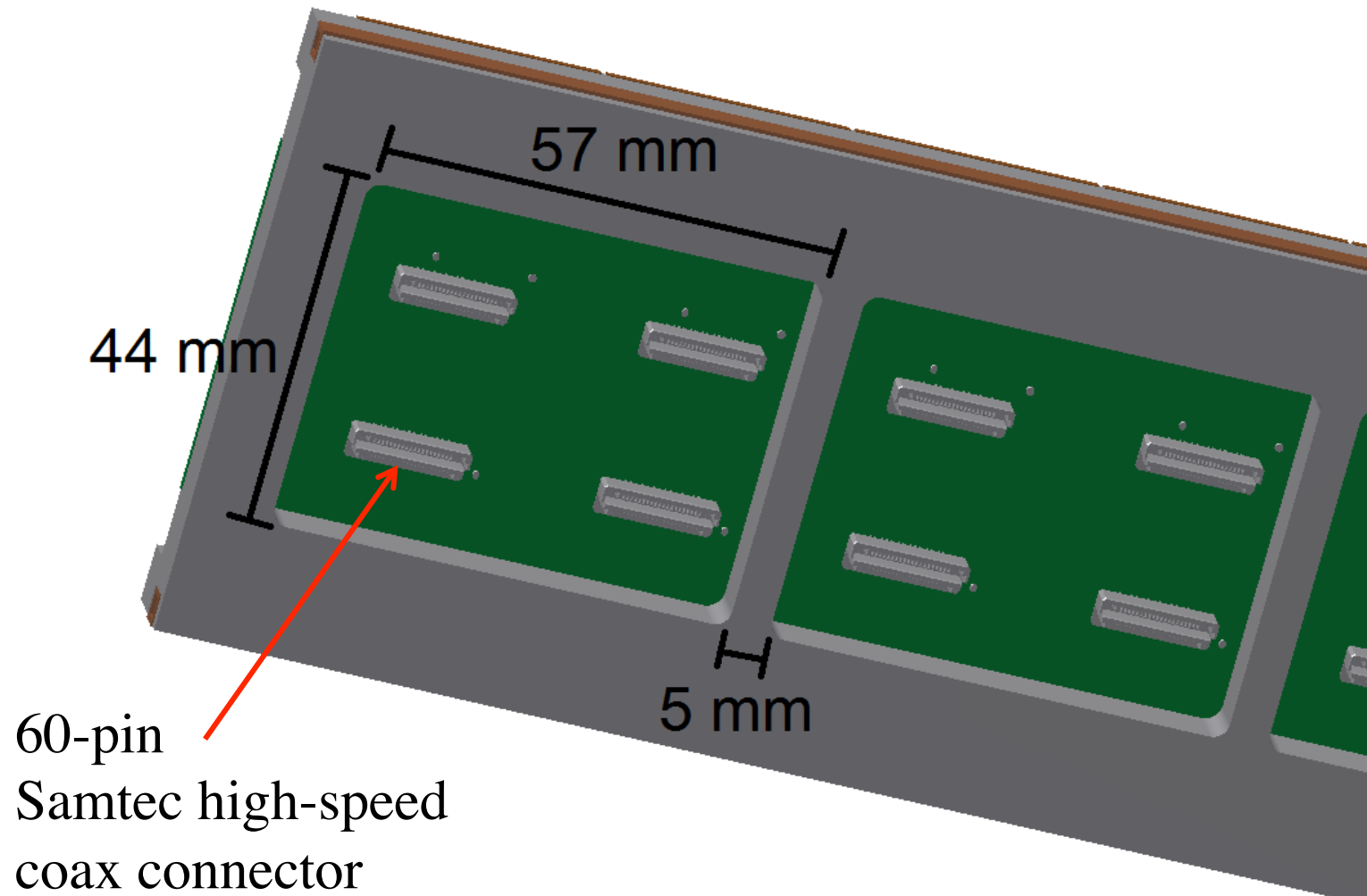


# Side View



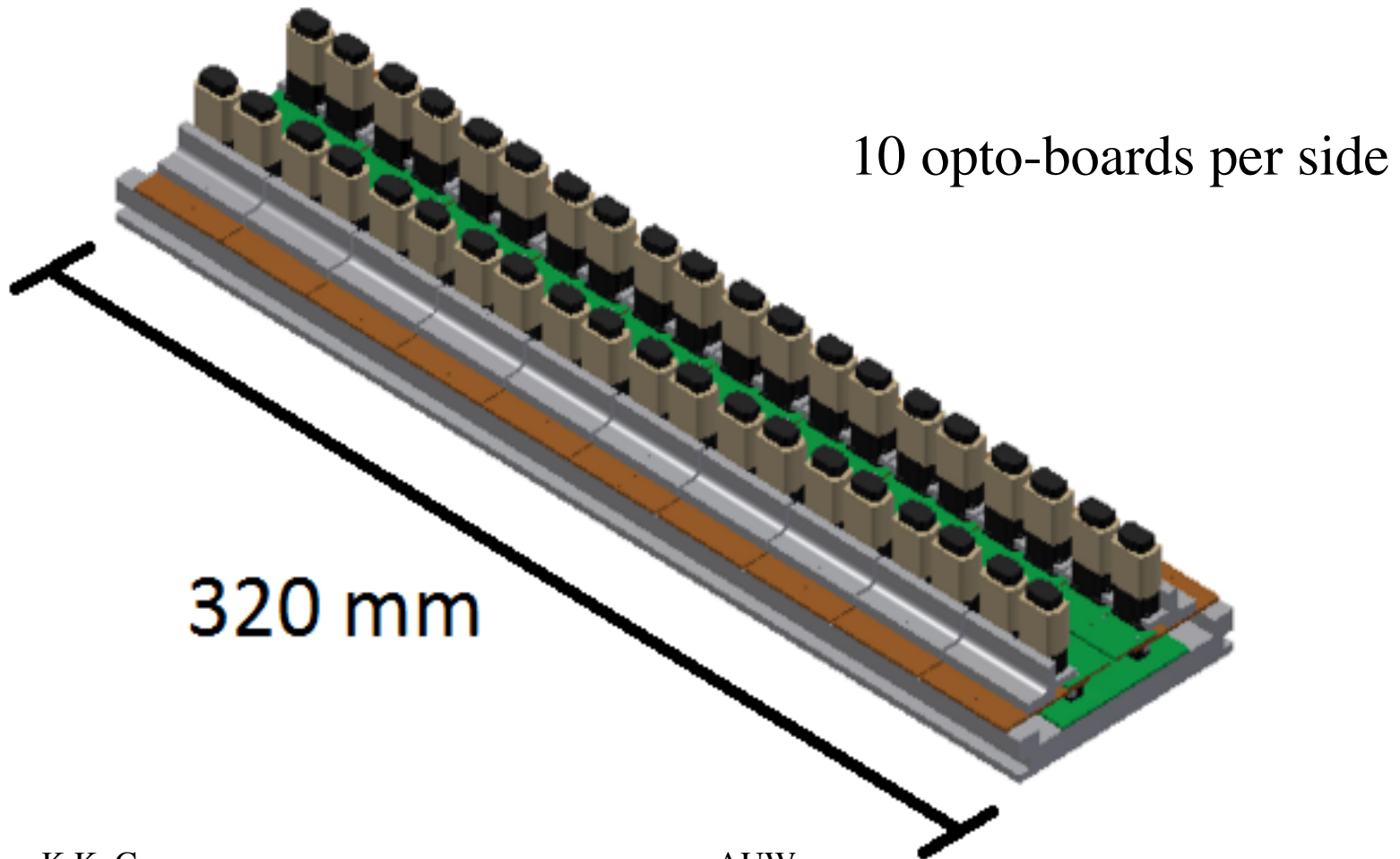


# Bottom View





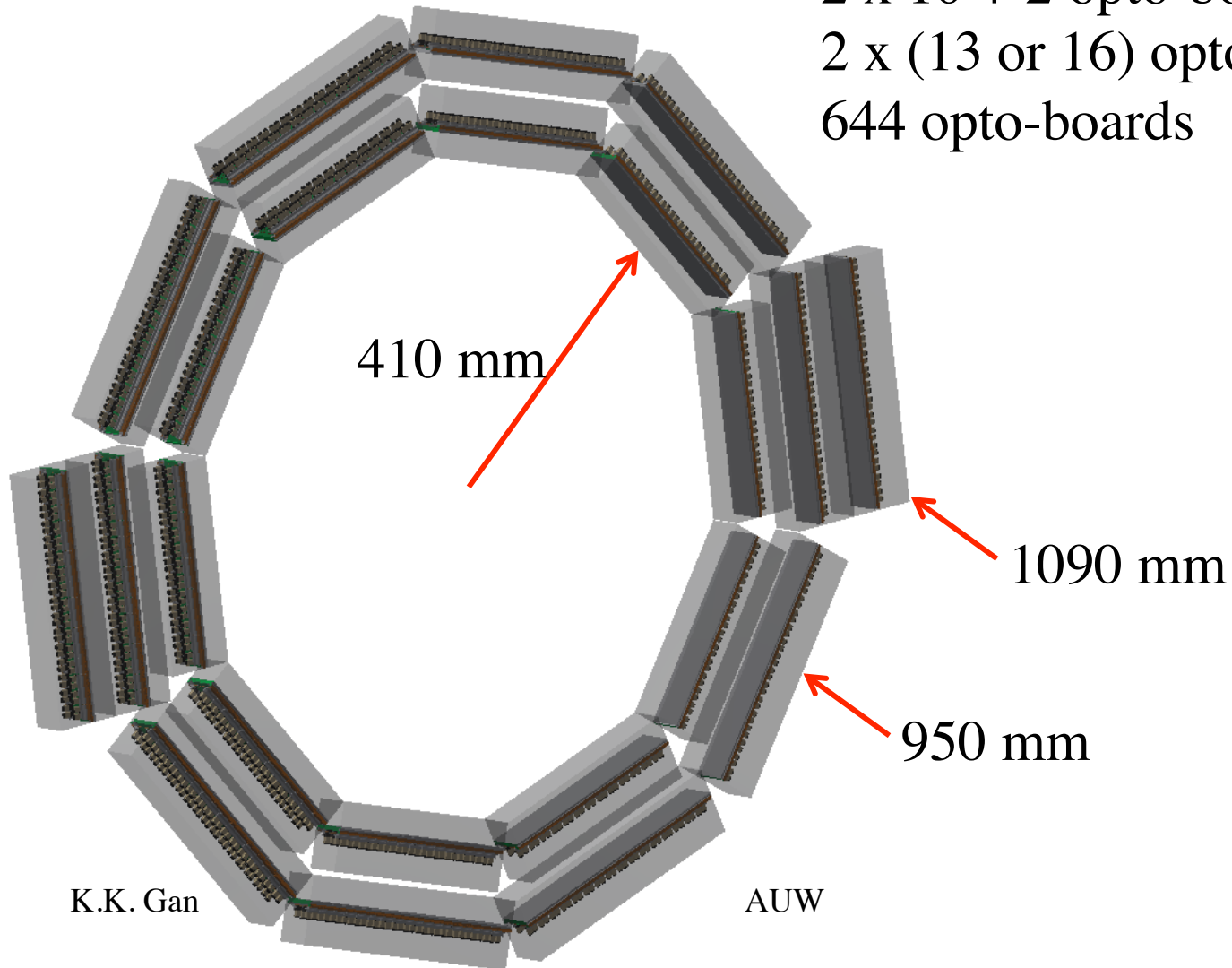
# Opto-Box





# Opto-Box at ID Endplate

2 x 10 + 2 opto-boxes  
2 x (13 or 16) opto-boards/box  
644 opto-boards





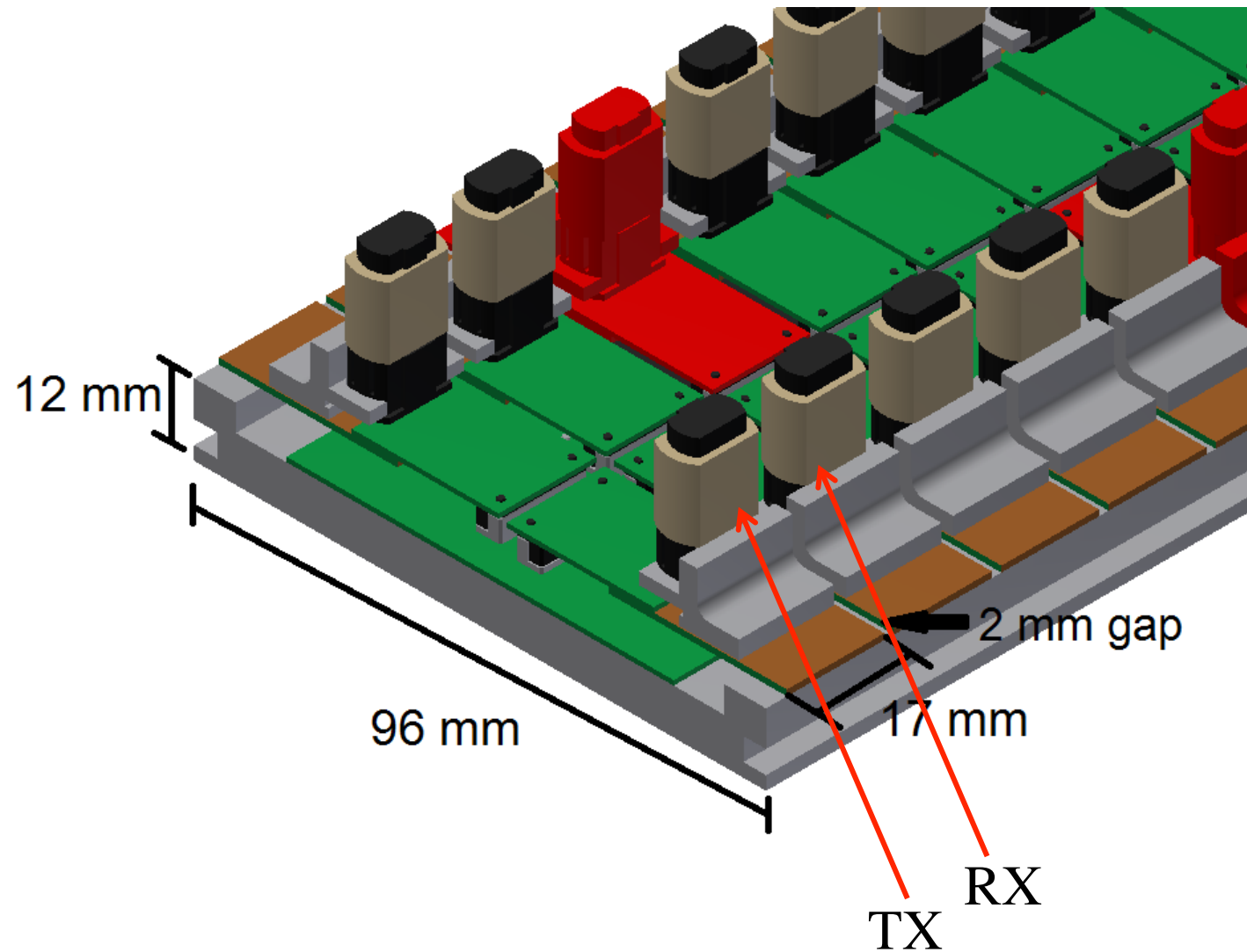


# Opto-Box with GBT Array

- Basic assumptions:
  - ◆ up-links: use 12-channel VCSEL array operating at 5 Gb/s
  - ◆ down-links: take de-serializer in GBT and layout in array format
    - send 160 Mb/s signal to modules
  - ◆ one down-link opto-board for every seven up-link opto-boards

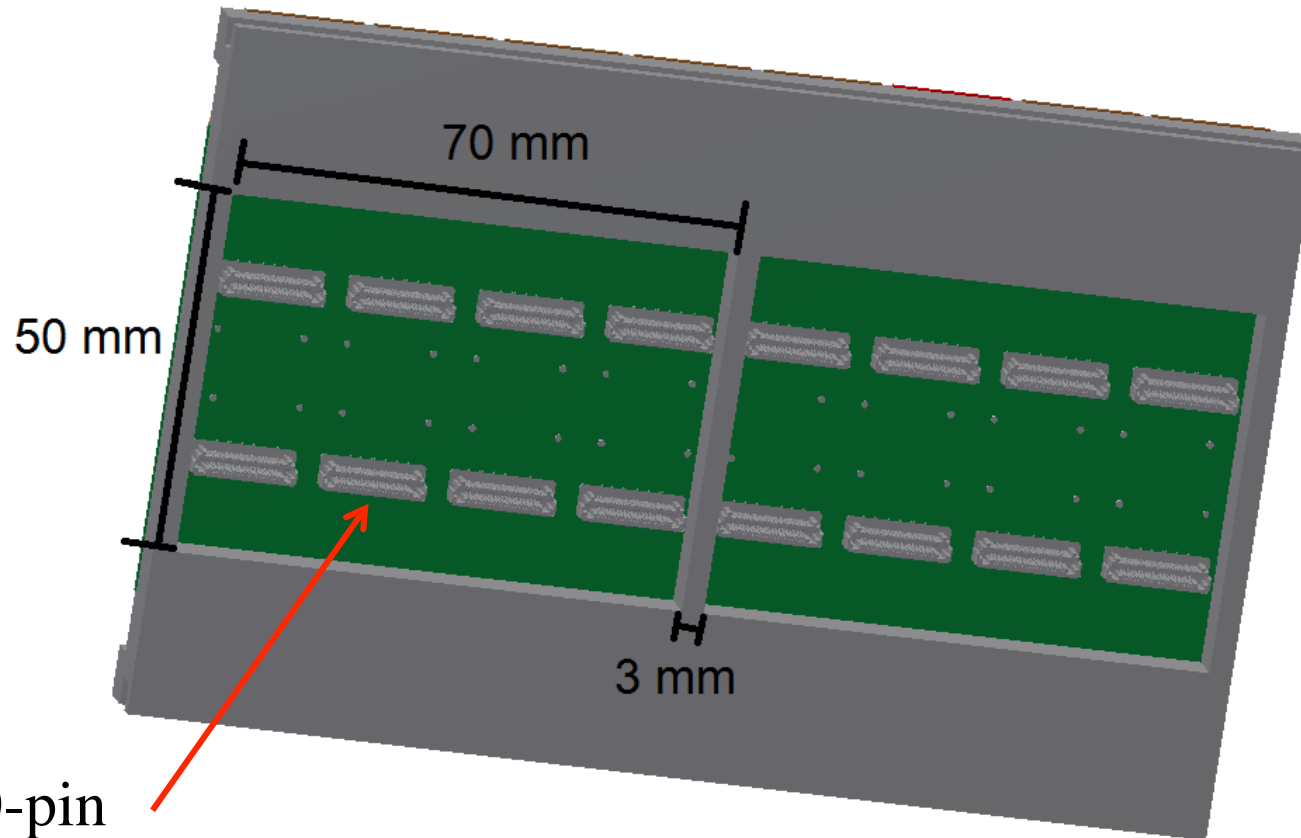


# Opto-Box with GBT Array





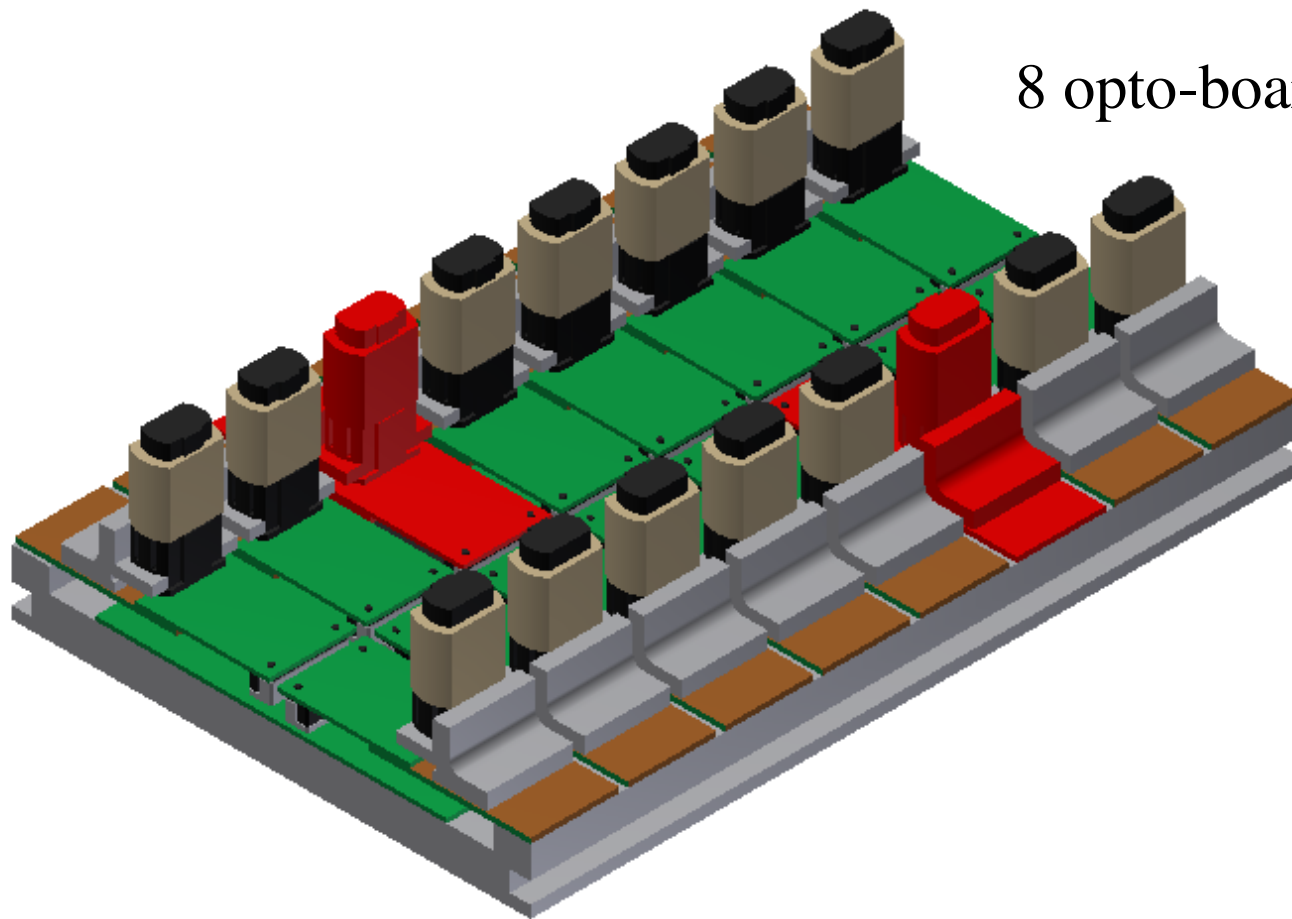
# Bottom View



60-pin  
Samtec high-speed  
coax connector



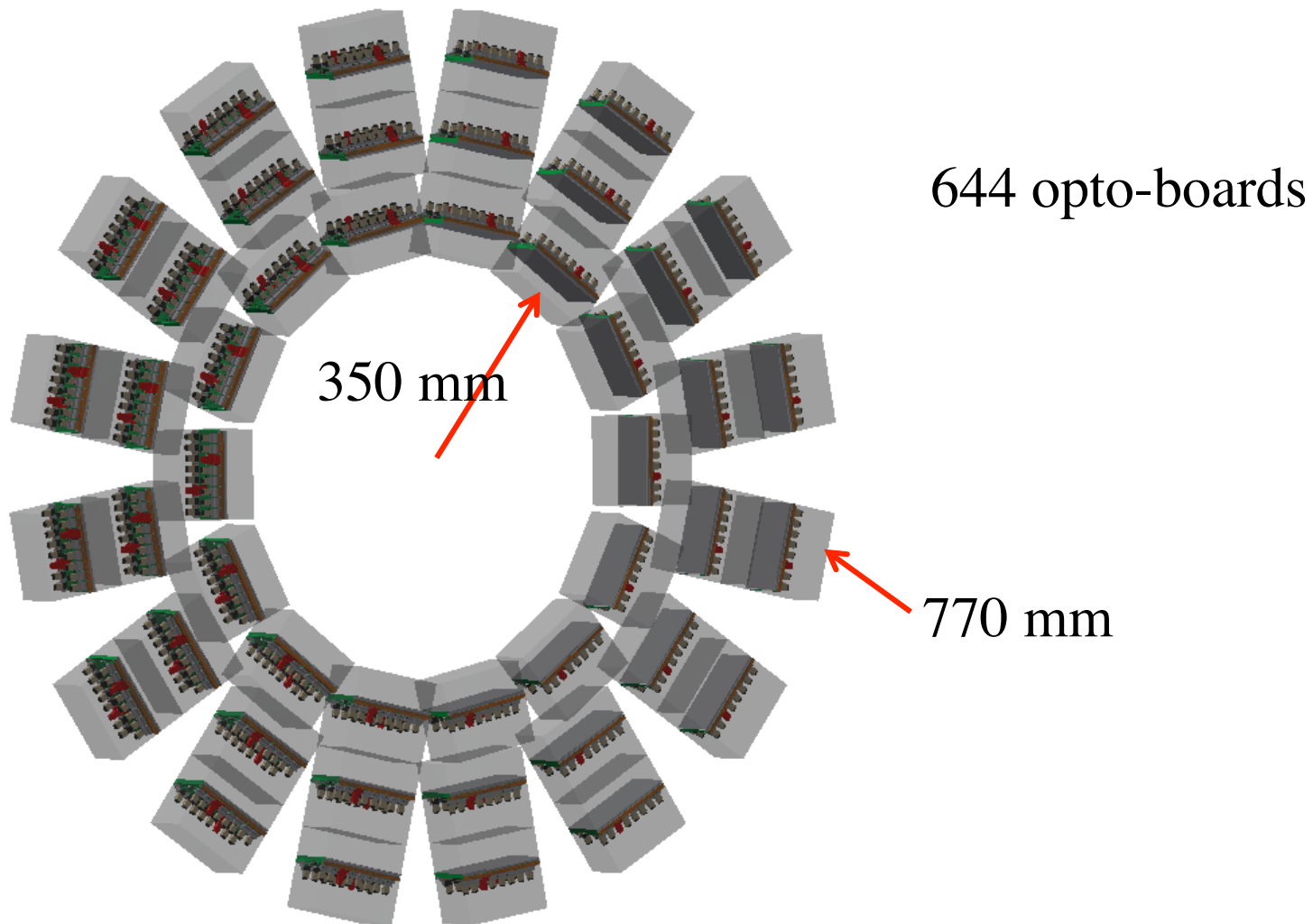
# Opto-Box



8 opto-boards per side

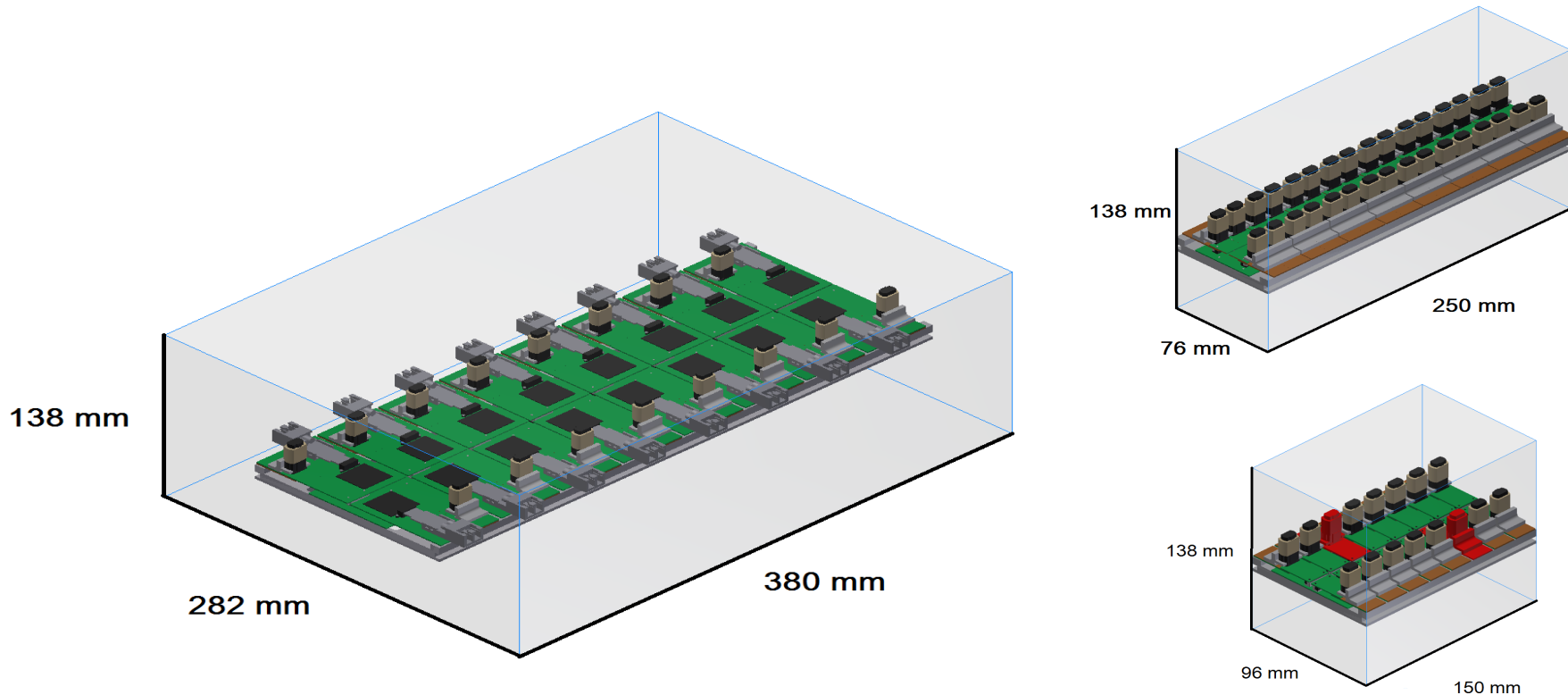


# Opto-Box at ID Endplate





# Opto-Box at ID Endplate



- 2 x 8 opto-boards/box for comparison
- 5 to 7 cm of clearance on the sides for cable/fiber routing & access
- opto-box with GBT arrays is smallest



# Summary

- preliminary estimate of the physical size of opto-boxes
- opto-box with GBT arrays is the smallest