

# The Spectroscopy of UF and UF<sup>+</sup>

Joshua Bartlett, Ivan Antonov, Dr. Michael Heaven

*Emory University, Department of Chemistry  
1515 Dickey Drive, Atlanta GA 30322*



# Motivation

Spectra of gas-phase uranium fluoride have been obtained for the first time by LIF, REMPI, and ZEKE techniques.

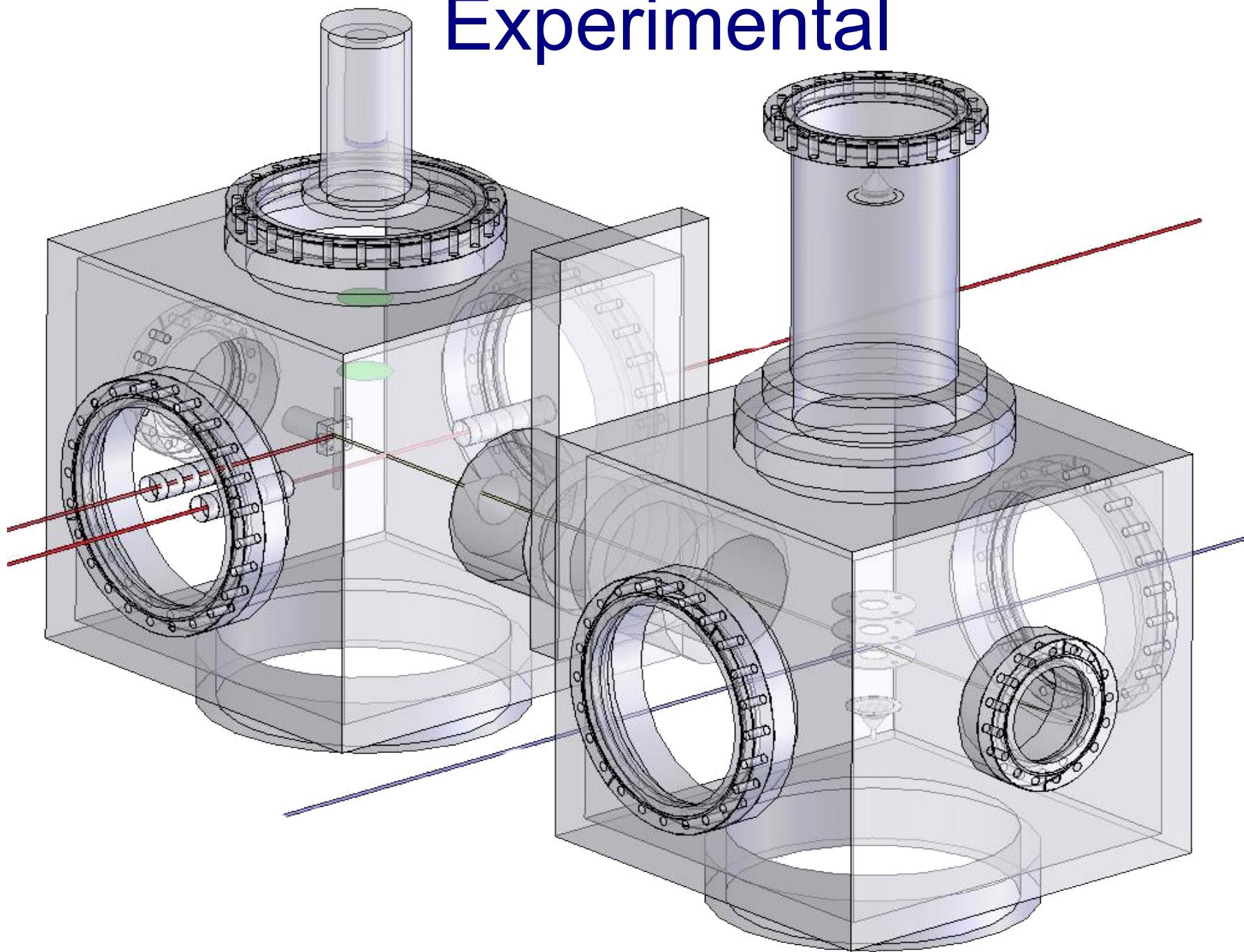
Actinide compounds have unique bonding characteristics in which the role of *f*-electrons is not thoroughly understood.

Spectroscopic results are benchmarked against high-level computational efforts.

# Some Related Studies

- L. Kaledin and M. Heaven, *J. Mol. Spec.* **185** (1997)  
**Electronic spectroscopy of UO**
  - Proposed LFT application to actinides
- R. Hunt *et al.*, *Inorg. Chem.* **33** (1994)  
**Matrix IR spectra of the products from  $F_2$ ,  $CIF$ , and  $Cl_2$  reactions with pulsed-laser evaporated uranium atoms**
  - Similar setup but Ar(s) is insufficient
- D. G. Fedorov *et al.*, *J. Chem. Phys.* **118** (2003)  
**An *ab initio* study of excited states of U and UF**
  - CASCI with SO-MCQDPT at aug-cc-VTZ level

# Experimental



# Experimental

- Pulsed-field ionization

Near-zero field

- REMPI or ZEKE lasers

1+1' or 1+1/2 techniques

- LIF laser

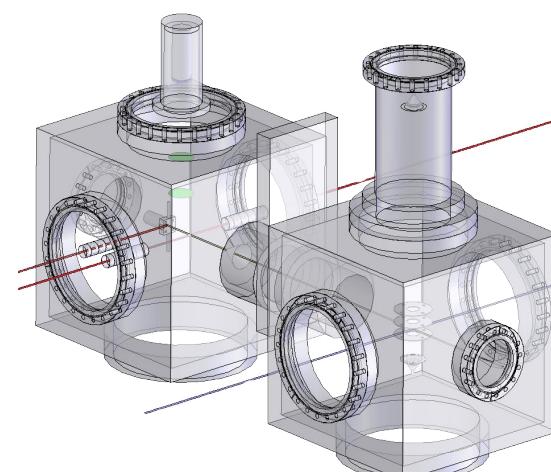
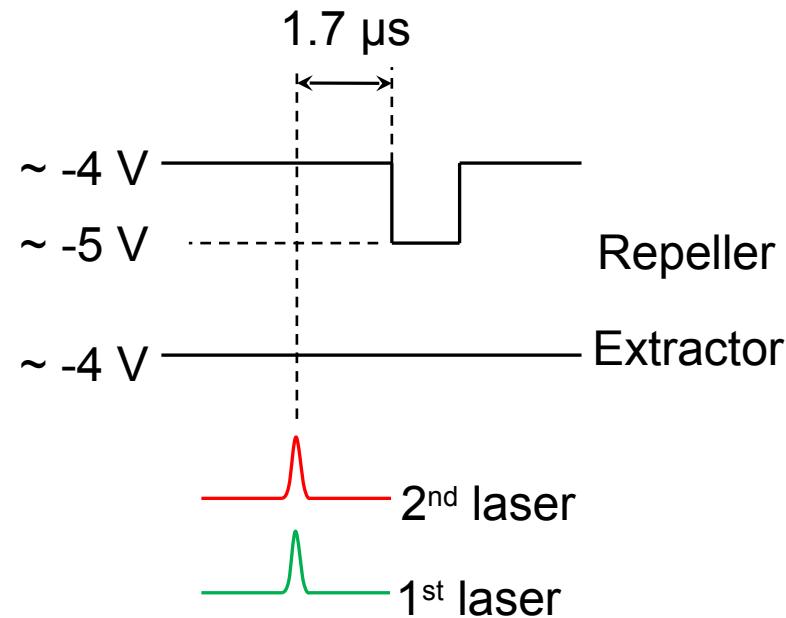
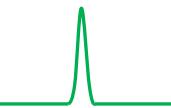
1<sup>st</sup> chamber, vertical detection

- Ablation laser

1064nm YAG @ 20-30 mJ

- Gas pulse

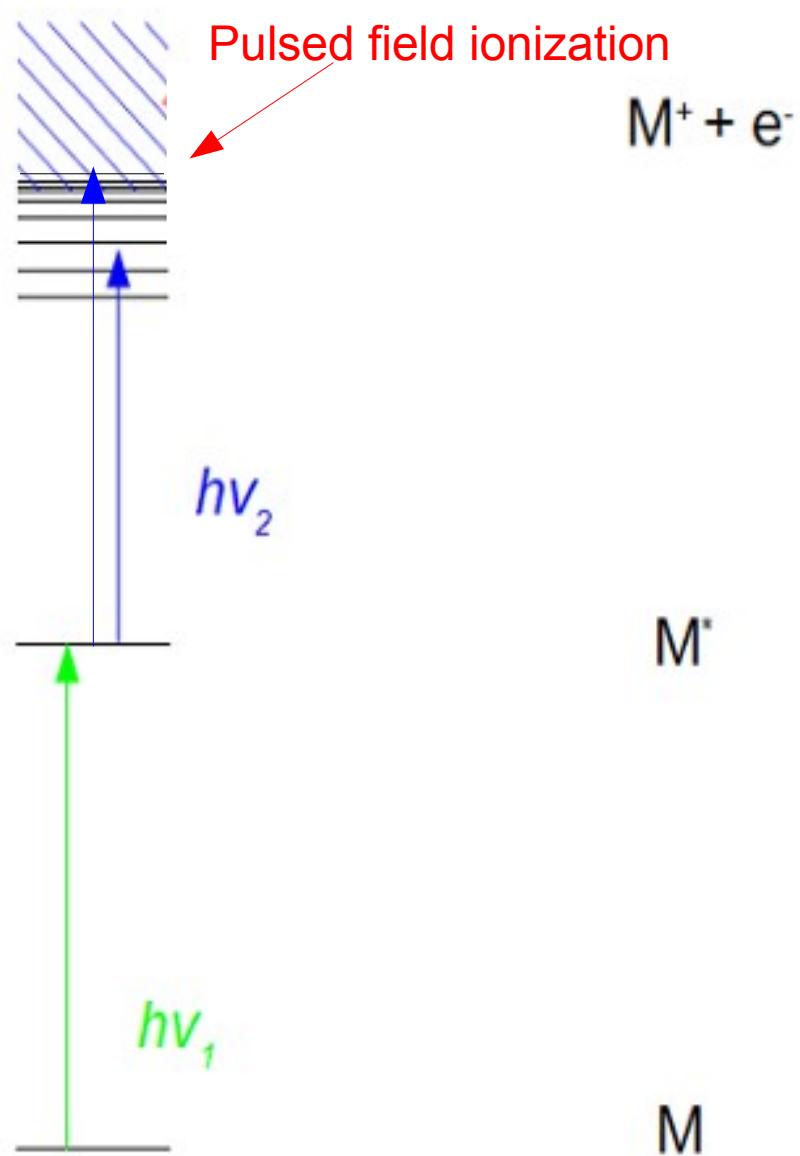
0.1% SF<sub>6</sub> /He



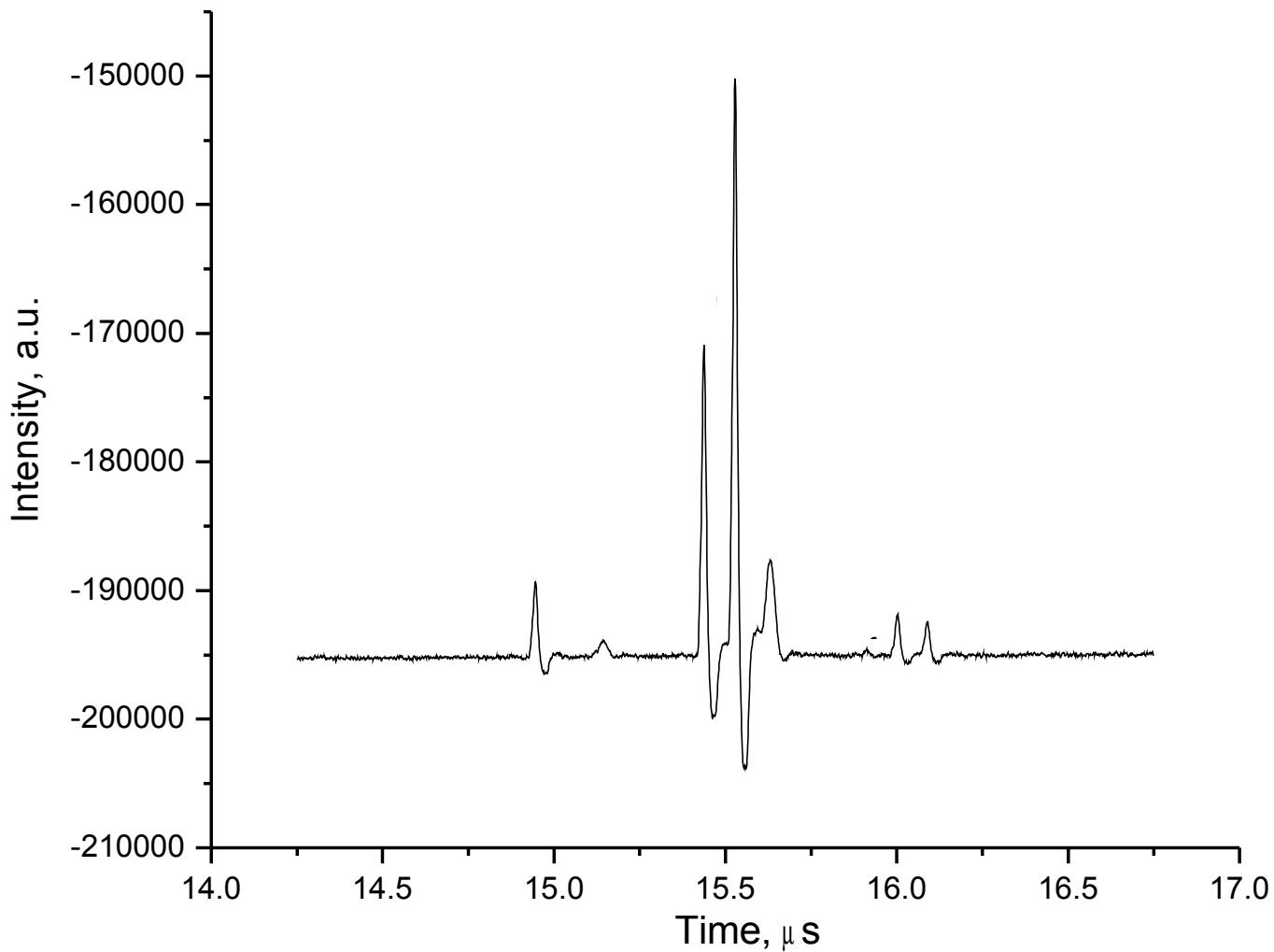
t

# PUFI-ZEKE

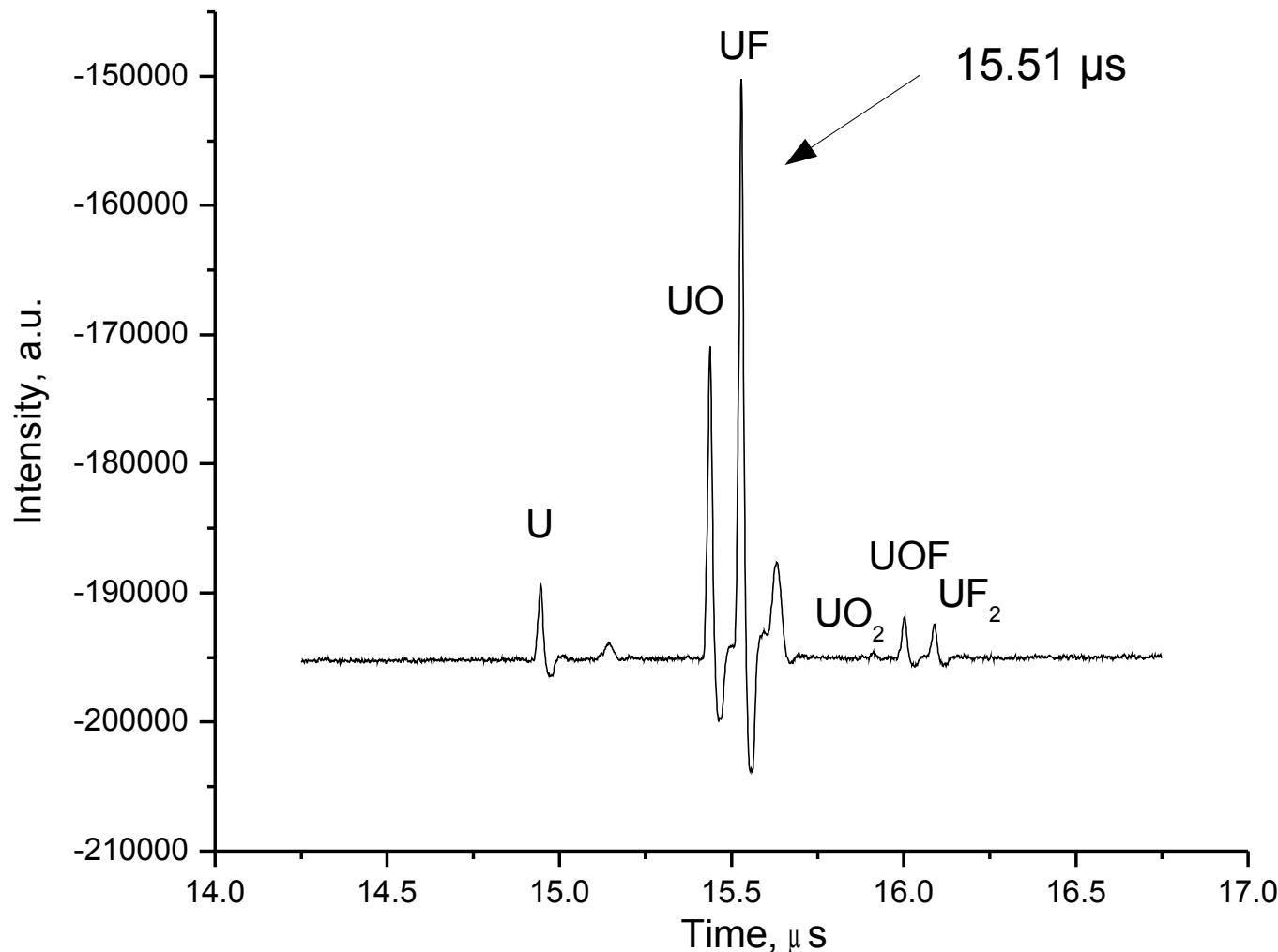
- Two-photon excitation to Rydberg levels
- Ionization by pulsed external field
- Detection of low KE electrons after several  $\mu\text{s}$



# Photoionization TOF Mass Spectrum

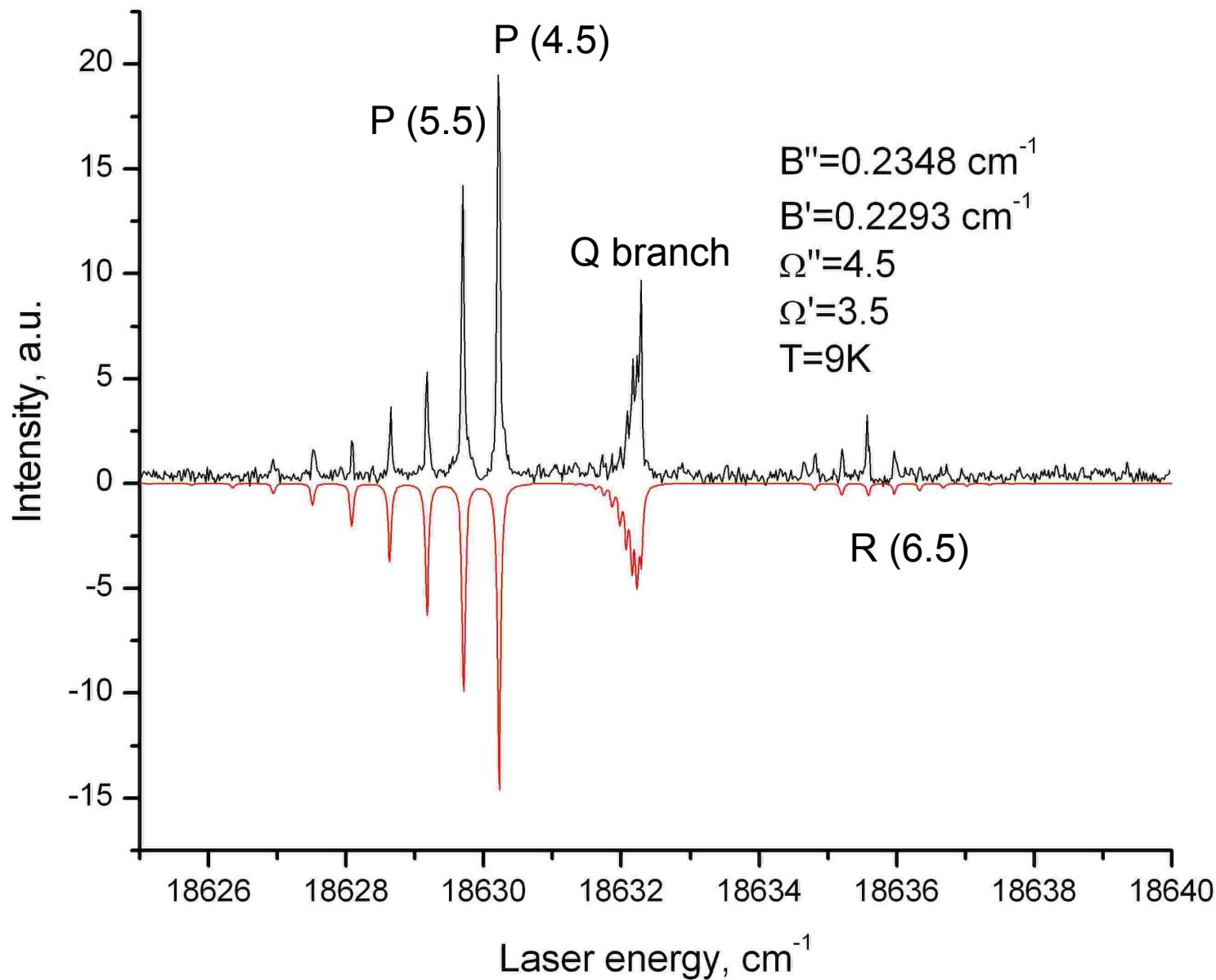


# Photoionization TOF Mass Spectrum

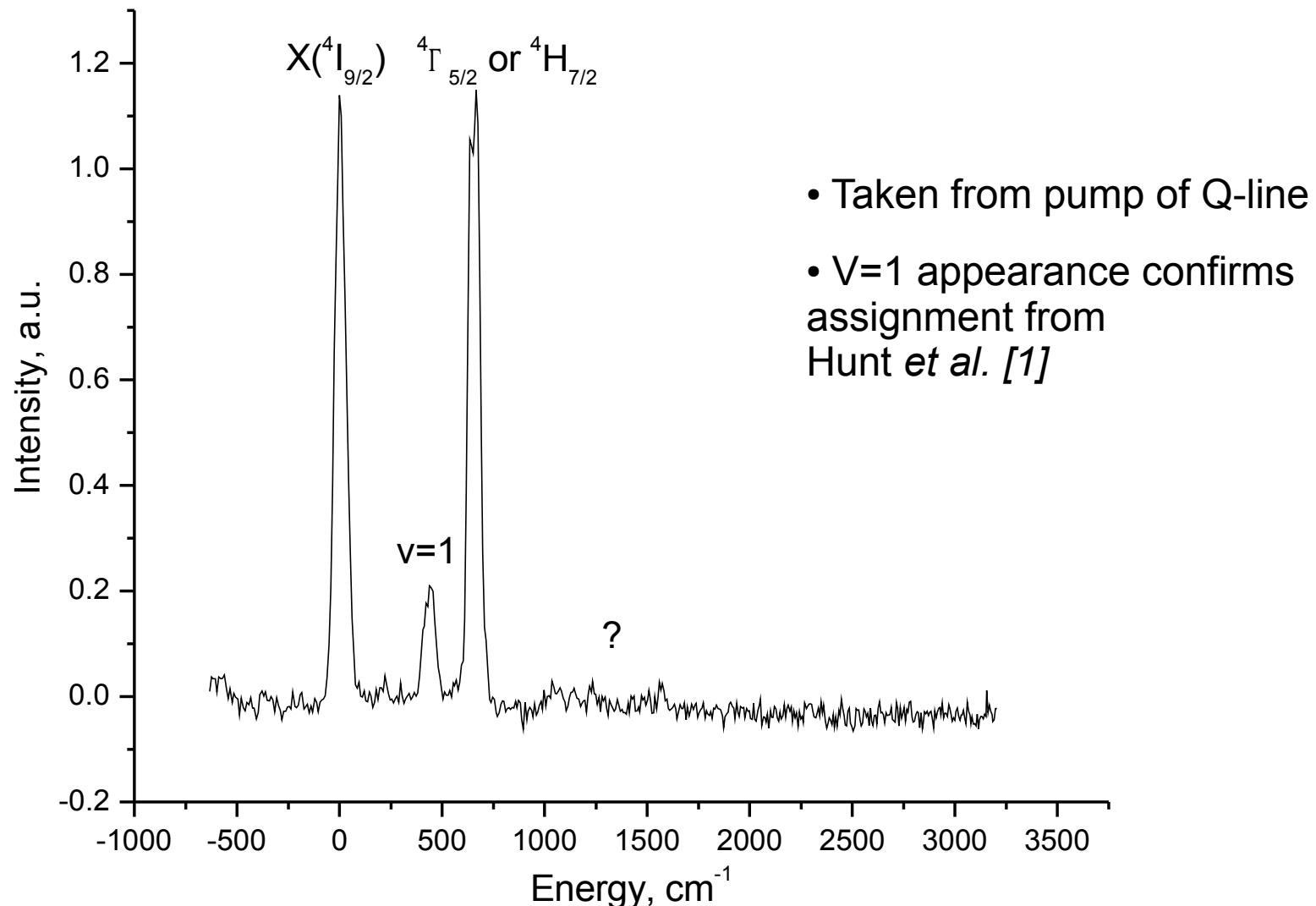


Temporal gates enable facile REMPI probe to find two-photon ionizing resonances, confirmed to belong to UF states

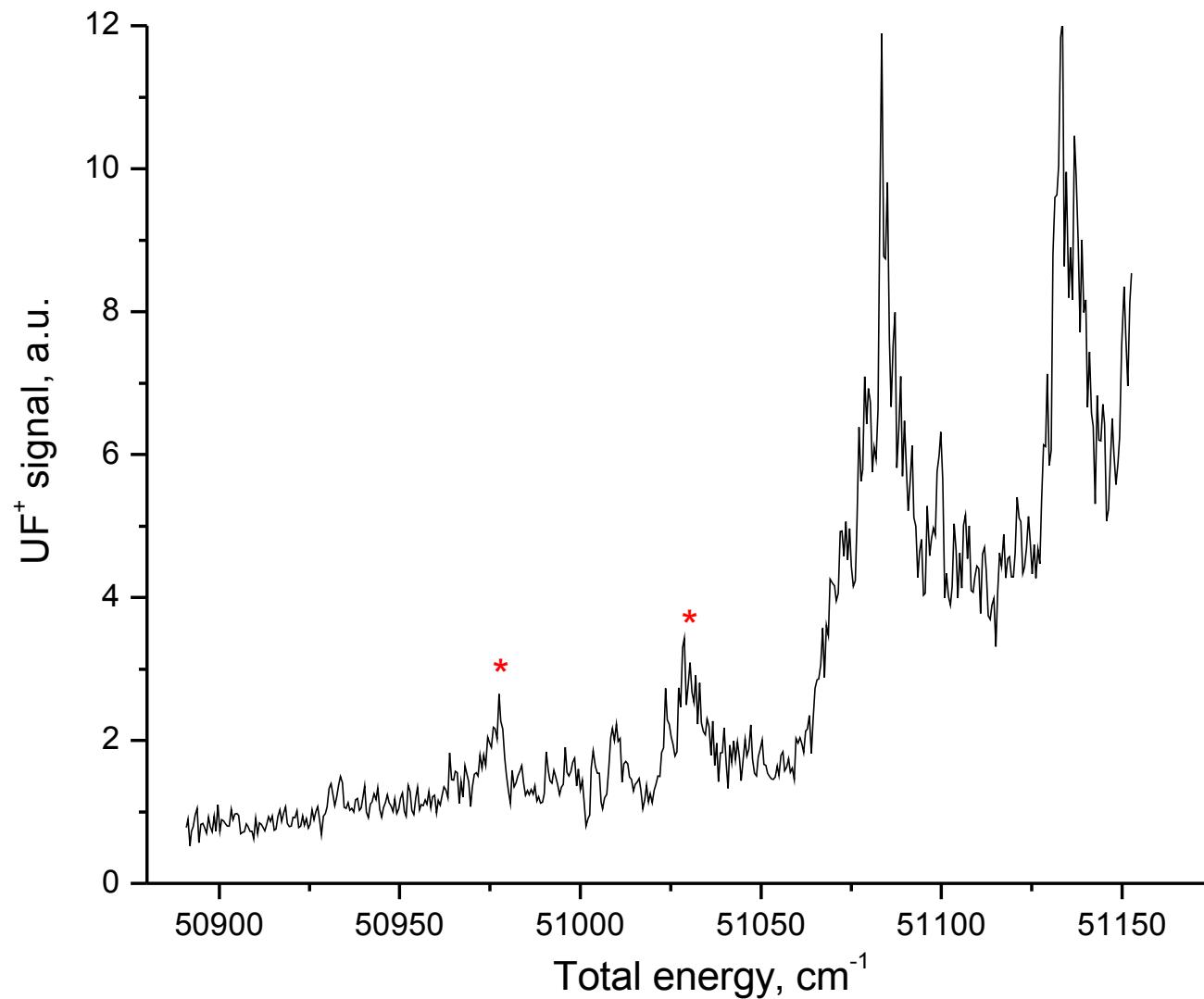
# LIF Spectrum



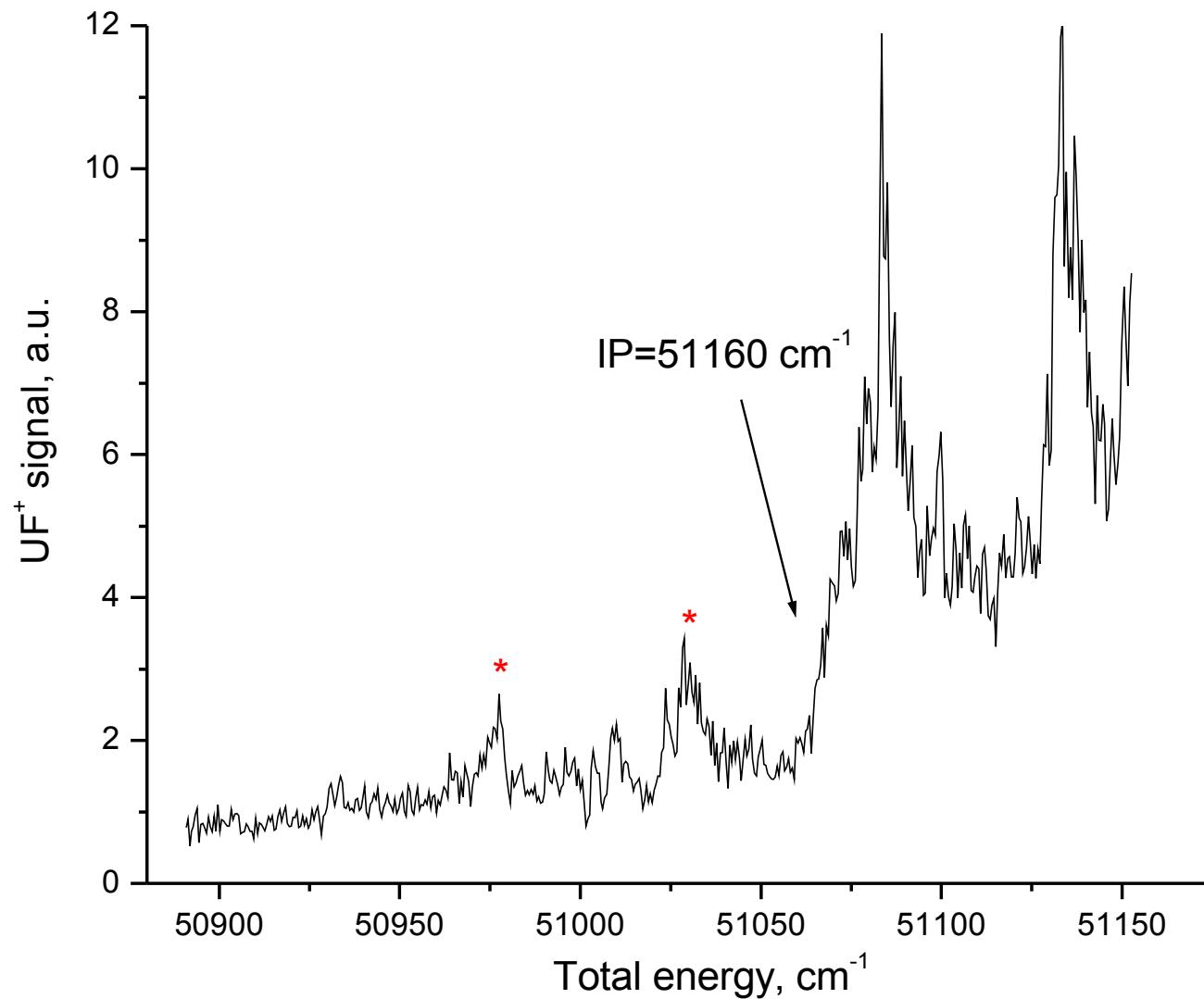
# Dispersed Fluorescence Spectrum



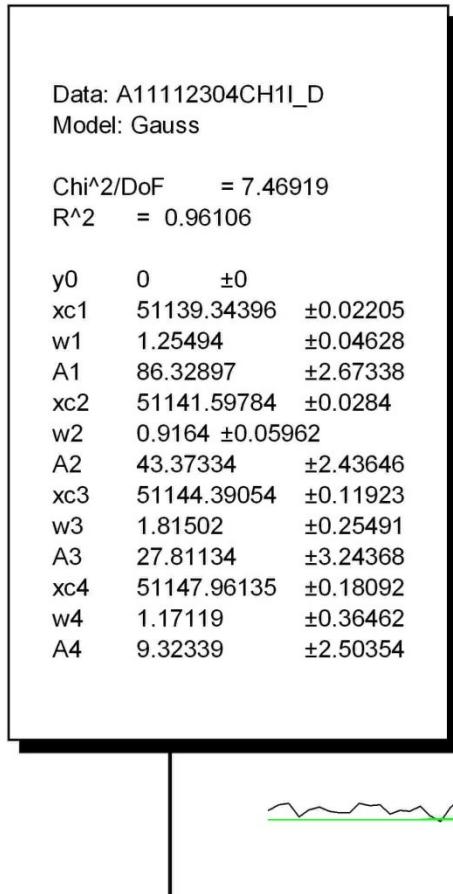
# PIE-determined IP



# PIE-determined IP



# Resolved Ground State ( $\text{UF}^+$ )

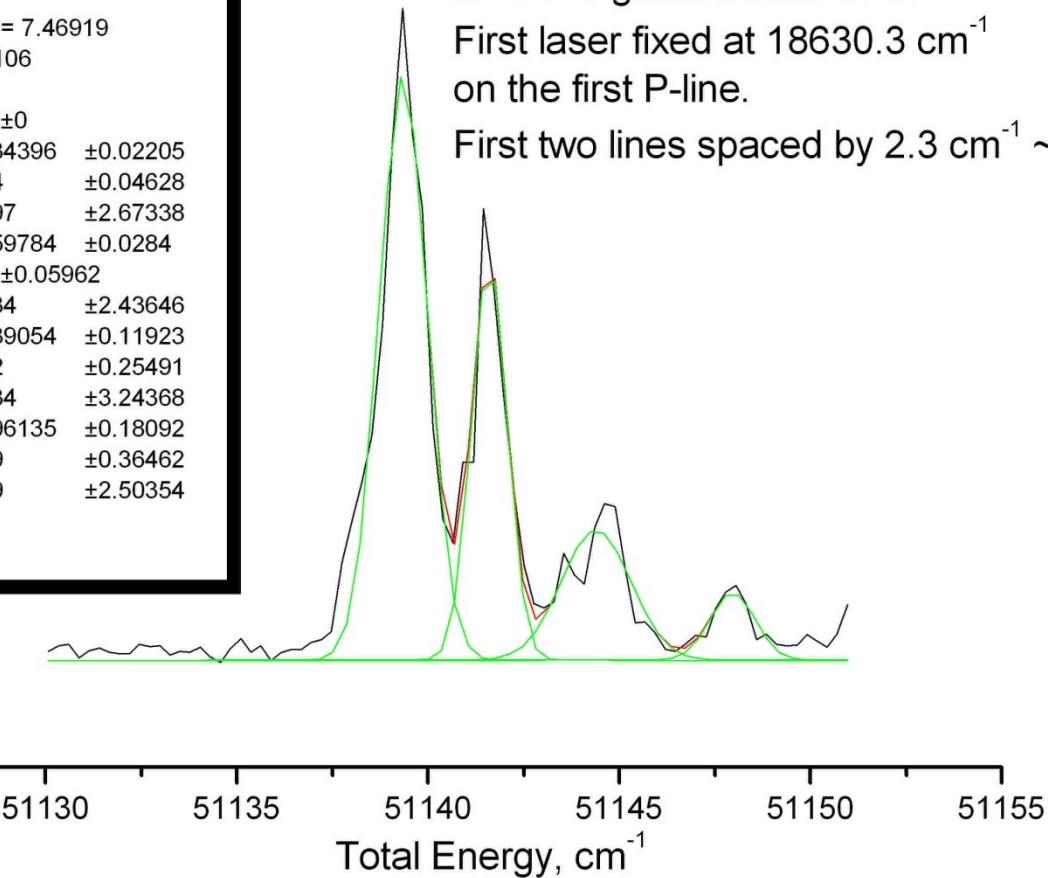


IP = 51137(1)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

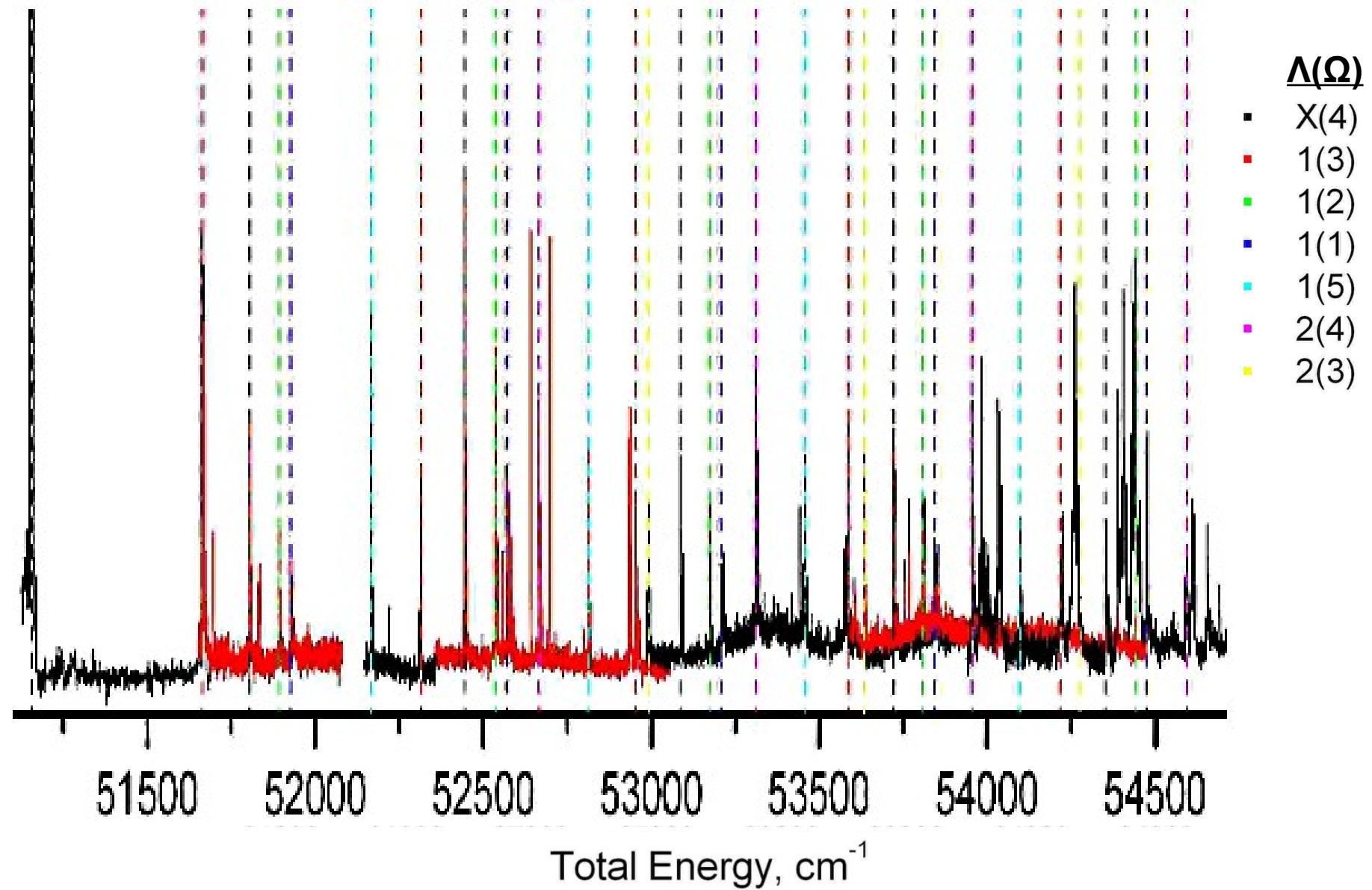
$\Omega=4$  v=0 ground state of  $\text{UF}^+$

First laser fixed at  $18630.3 \text{ cm}^{-1}$   
on the first P-line.

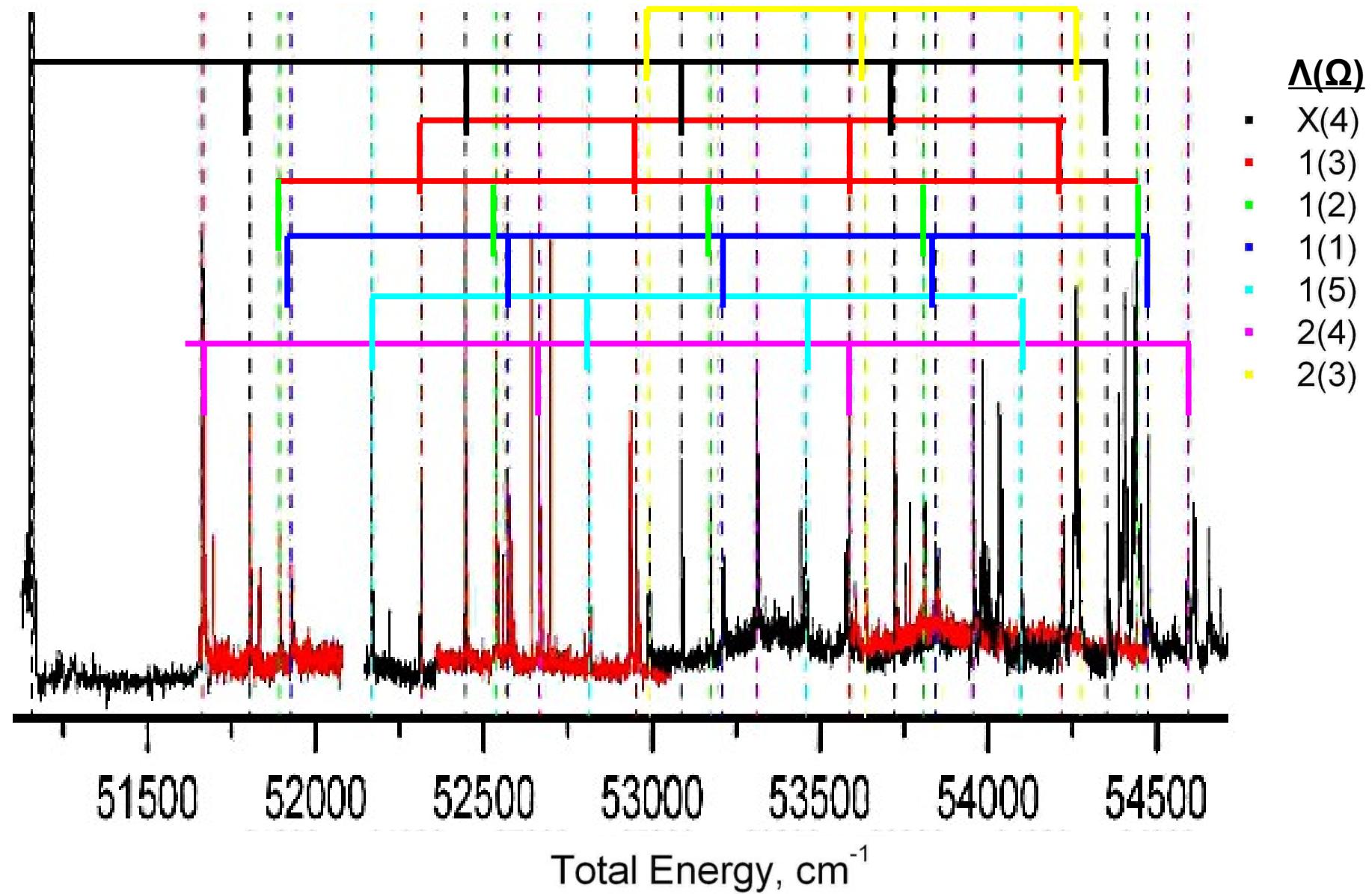
First two lines spaced by  $2.3 \text{ cm}^{-1} \sim 10 \text{ B}$



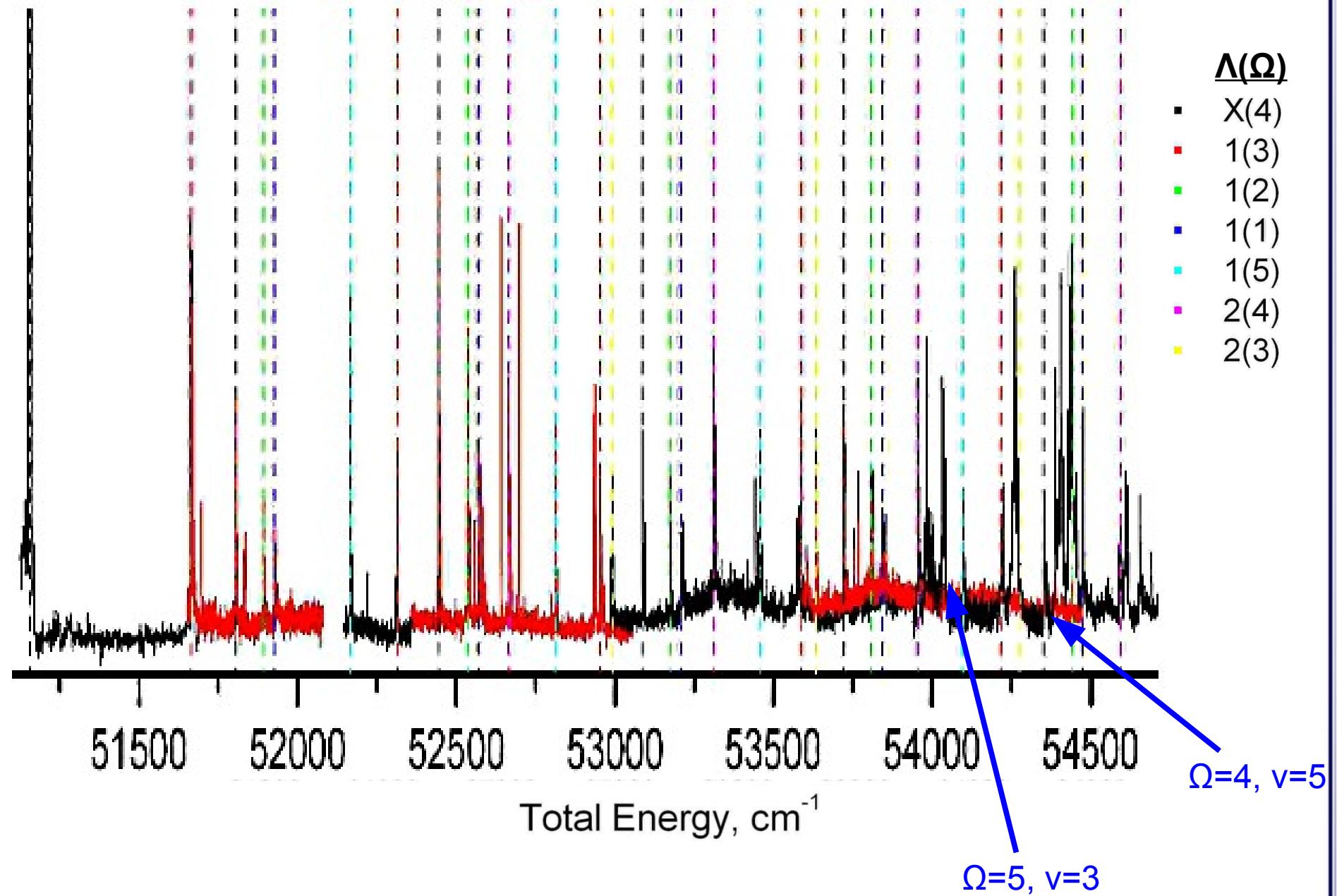
# ZEKE Survey



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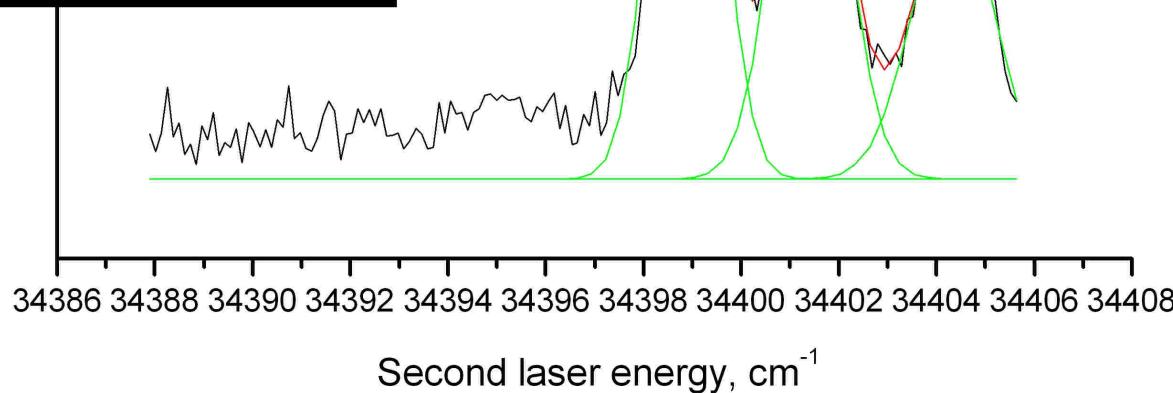


# Resolved Excited State ( $\text{UF}^+$ )

Data: A12030503CH1IN\_H  
Model: Gauss

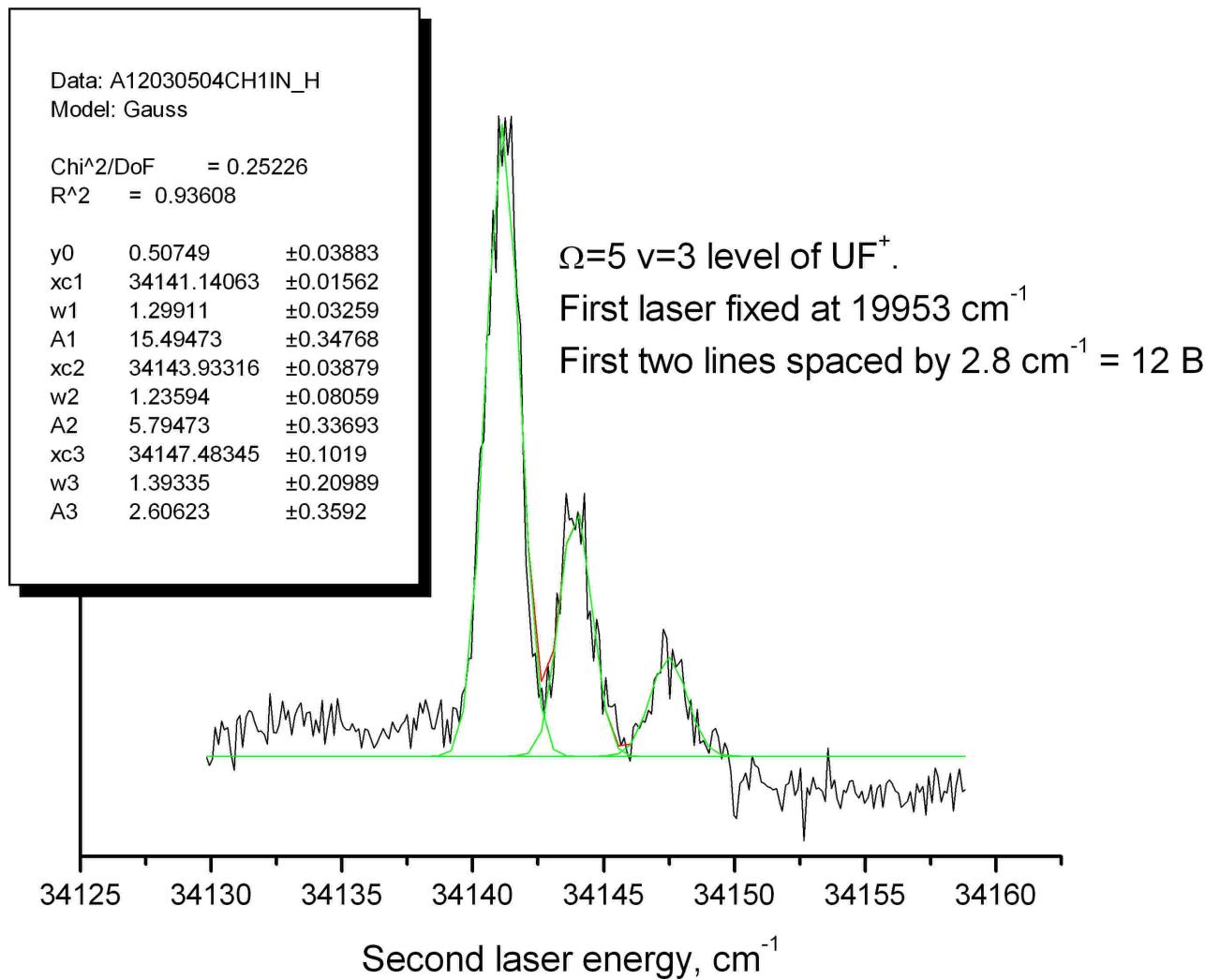
Chi^2/DoF = 0.3865  
R^2 = 0.91297

y0	0	$\pm 0$
xc1	34398.87357	$\pm 0.02311$
w1	1.24408	$\pm 0.04882$
A1	13.0604	$\pm 0.43313$
xc2	34401.40644	$\pm 0.03562$
w2	1.40067	$\pm 0.08333$
A2	10.4825	$\pm 0.50967$
xc3	34404.33654	$\pm 0.06252$
w3	1.63266	$\pm 0.15038$
A3	7.33676	$\pm 0.53543$



$\Omega=4$  v=5 ground electronic state of  $\text{UF}^+$   
First laser fixed at  $19953 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ .  
First two lines spaced by  $2.5 \text{ cm}^{-1} \sim 10 \text{ B}$

# Resolved Excited State ( $\text{UF}^+$ )



# UF<sup>+</sup> Parameters and Term Energies

$\Lambda(\Omega)$	$\omega_e$	$\omega_e \chi_e$	$\Omega$	B	$T_e$
X(4)	653.21	2.3235	4	0.24	0
1(3)	652.94	3.1358	3	0.24	511.821
1(2)	645.96	1.7450	2	0.24	738.836
1(1) and 1(?)	645.62	1.7170	1, (?)	0.24, (?)	771.718
1(5)	651.81	2.3085	5	0.245	1011.263
2(4)	648.36	1.4980	4	0.24	1512.147
2(2), 2(1)			2, 1		1780.388
2(3)	643?		3	0.24	1835.555
3(3)			3		3067.
1(6)			6		3232.
2(5)			5		3321.

All values in cm<sup>-1</sup>.

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$f^2 s^2?$

# $\text{UF}^+$ versus $\text{UO}$

$\Lambda(\Omega)$	$\text{UF}^+ \ T_e$	$\text{UO} \ T_e^{[1]}$
X(4)	0	0
1(3)	511.821	651.12
1(2)	738.836	958.66
1(1)	771.718	-
1(5)	1011.263	1043.00
2(5)	3321.	-
2(4)	1512.147	2096.00
1(6)	3232.	4469(5)
3(3)	3067.	1941.48

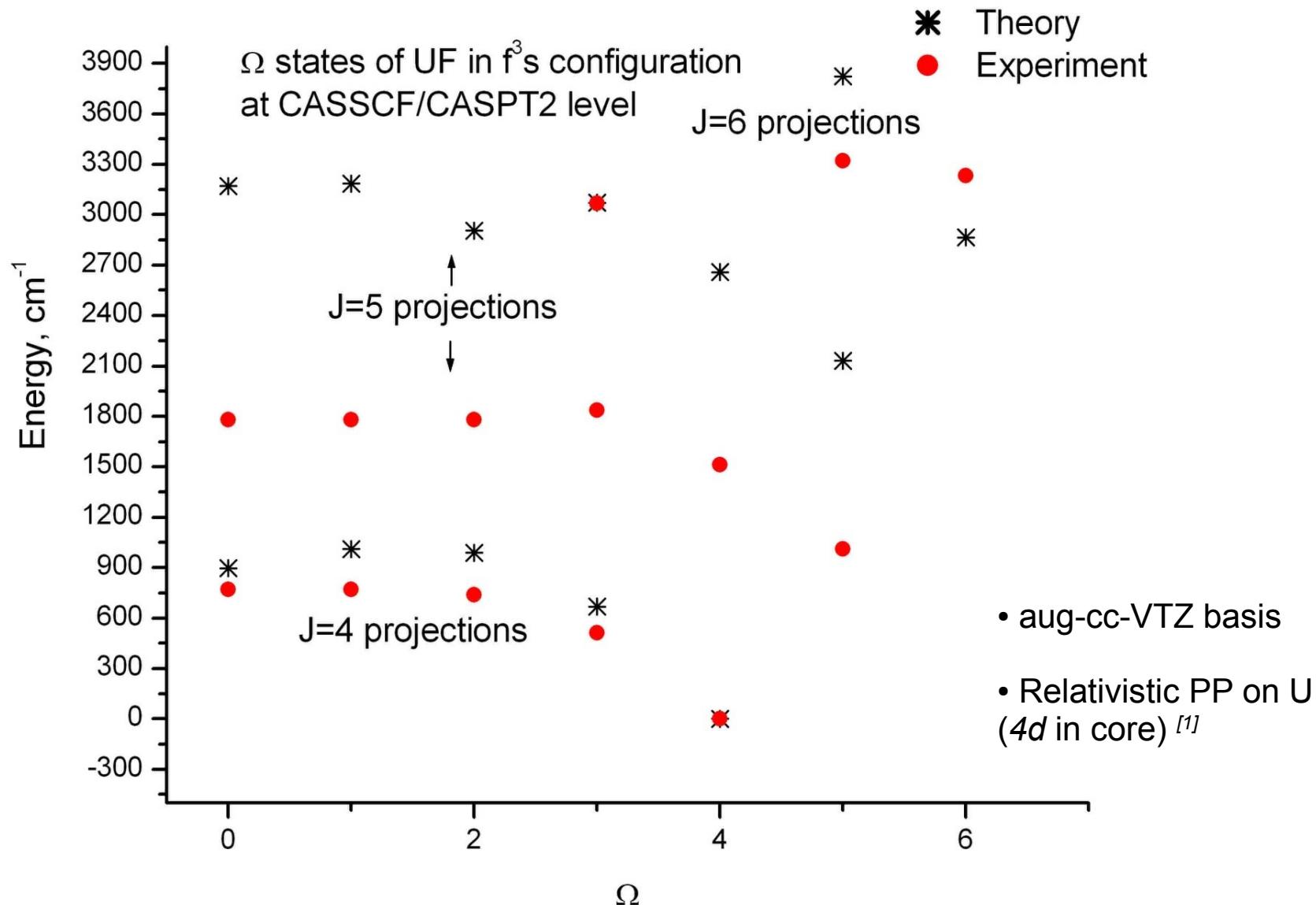
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2(5)	3321.	-
2(4)	1512.147	2096.00
1(6)	3232.	4469(5)
$f^2s^2$ for $\text{UF}^+?$	3(3)	1941.48

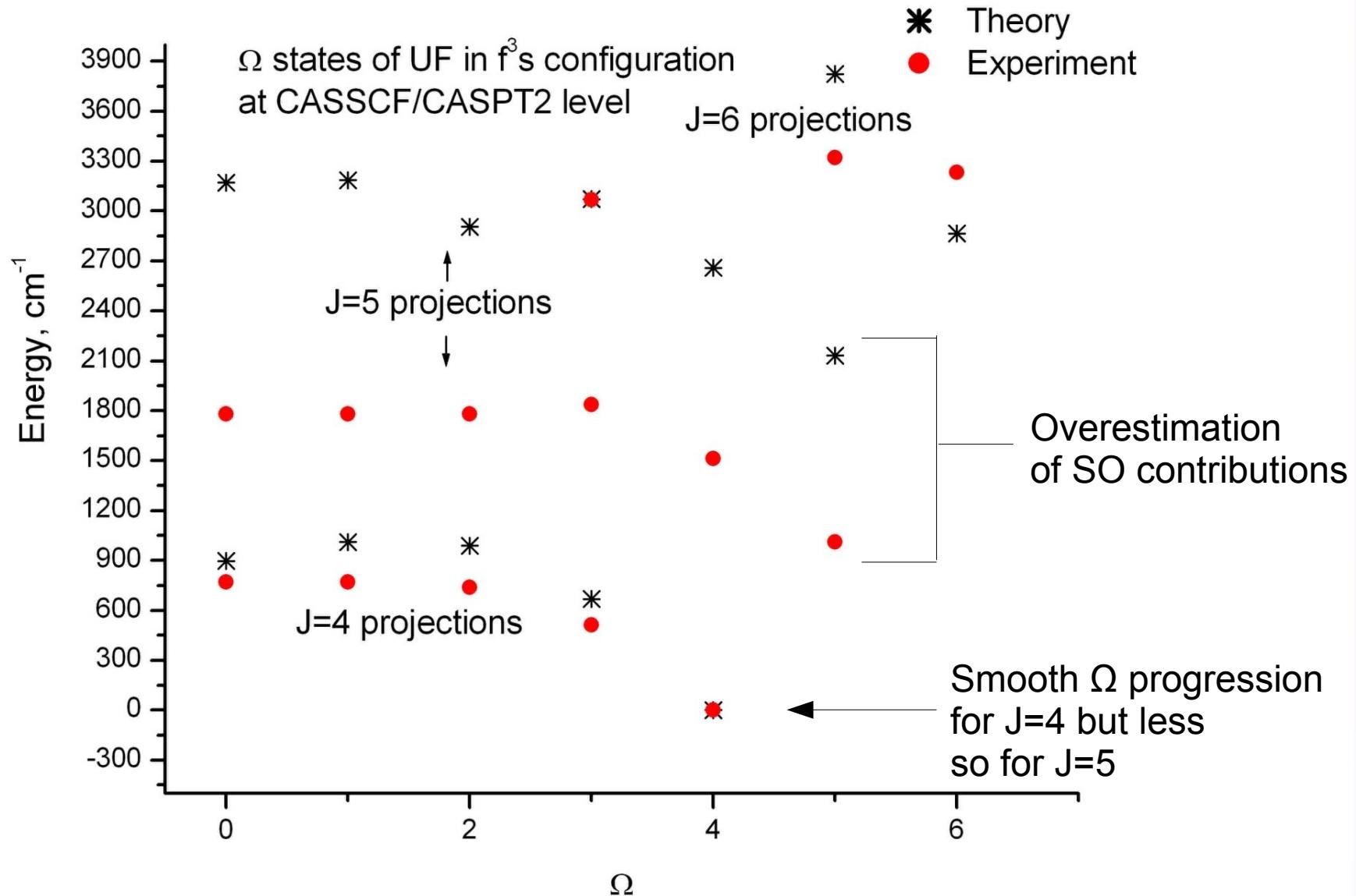
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2(5)	3321.	-
2(4)	1512.147	2096.00
1(6)	3232.	4469(5)
3(4) state not observed!	3(3)	1941.48

# CASSCF/PT2 Calculations



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# Future Work

- Complete assignment of  $\text{UF}^+$  states
- Calculations encompassing  $f^2\text{s}^2$  configuration and alternate PP sizes
- Investigate additional actinide compounds with 3<sup>rd</sup> row *p*-block elements

# Acknowledgments

- Michael Heaven's research group (Ivan, Kyle, Jiande, Sullivan, Keith) and Xiaohong Wang
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