

ROTATIONAL AND  
ROVIBRATIONAL CONSTANTS  
FOR TRIATOMIC MOLECULES  
FROM FOURTH-ORDER  
PERTURBATION THEORY

D. A. Matthews

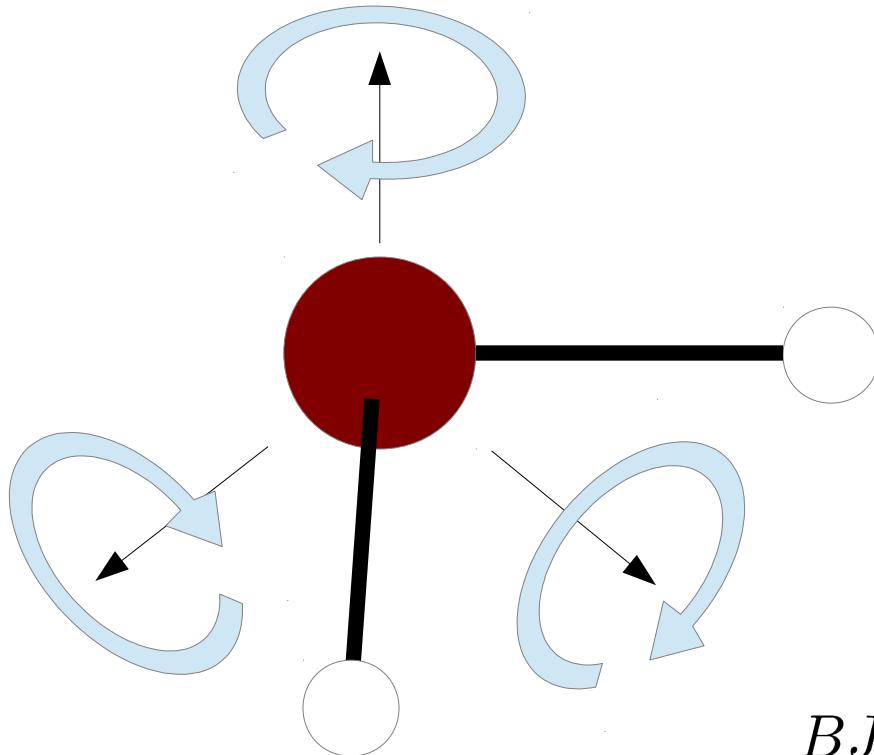
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# Rigid-rotor Approximation:



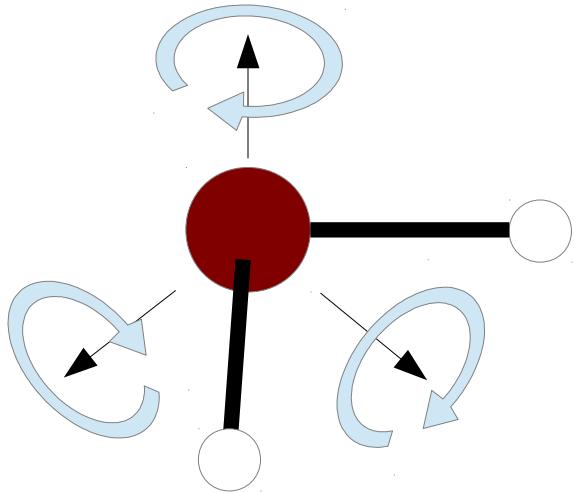
Inverse **moments of inertia** about  
**principal axes**

$$E_{RR} = E_v + \sum_{\alpha} B_e^{\alpha} \langle P_{\alpha}^2 \rangle$$

$BJ(J+1)$   
For **linear** and **spherical top** molecules

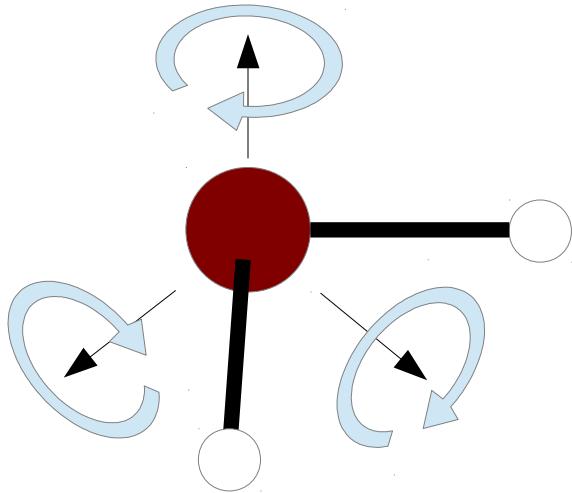
$BJ(J+1) + (A - B)K^2$   
For **symmetric top**  
molecules

No simple form for  
**asymmetric top** molecules



For general  
(non-linear)  
molecules:

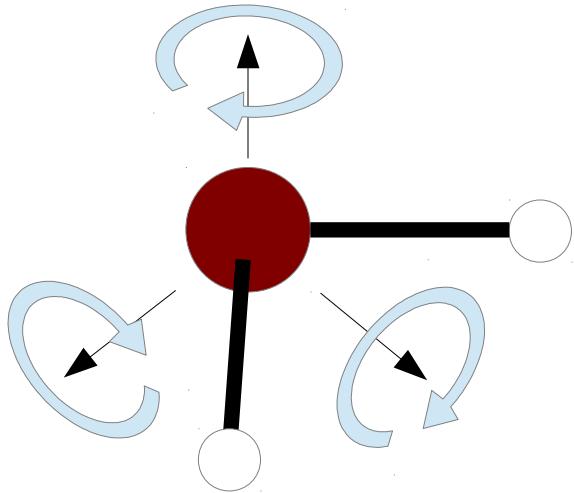
$$\begin{aligned}
 E = & E_{RR} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta \rangle \left( \sum_i \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \leq j} \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i, j) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( n_j + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta \rangle \left( \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} + \sum_i \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta P_\epsilon P_\eta \rangle (\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} + \dots) \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$



For general  
(non-linear)  
molecules:

$$\begin{aligned}
 E = & E_{RR} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta \rangle \left( \sum_i \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \leq j} \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i, j) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( n_j + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta \rangle \left( \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} + \sum_i \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta P_\epsilon P_\eta \rangle (\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} + \dots) \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

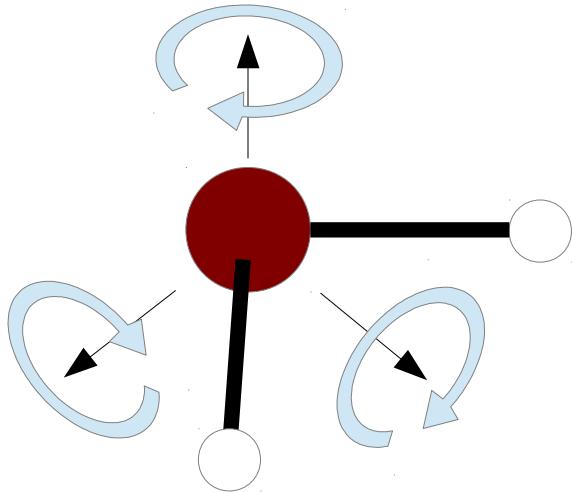
“Vibration-rotation interaction”



For general  
(non-linear)  
molecules:

$$\begin{aligned}
 E = & E_{RR} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta \rangle \left( \sum_i \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \leq j} \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i, j) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( n_j + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta \rangle \left( \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} + \sum_i \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta P_\epsilon P_\eta \rangle (\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} + \dots) \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

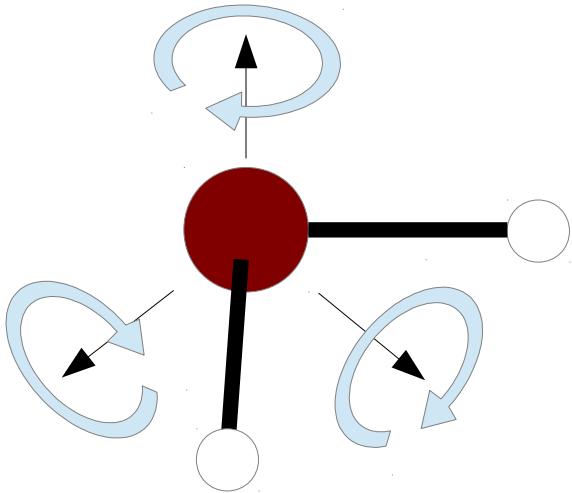
“Quartic centrifugal distortion”



For general  
(non-linear)  
molecules:

$$\begin{aligned}
 E = & E_{RR} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta \rangle \left( \sum_i \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \leq j} \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i, j) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( n_j + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta \rangle \left( \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} + \sum_i \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta P_\epsilon P_\eta \rangle (\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} + \dots) \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

“Sextic centrifugal distortion”



Rigid-  
rotor

VPT2

For general  
(non-linear)  
molecules:

$$\begin{aligned}
 E = & E_{RR} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta \rangle \left( \sum_i \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \leq j} \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i, j) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( n_j + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta \rangle \left( \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} + \sum_i \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}(i) \left( n_i + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \dots \right) \\
 & + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} \langle P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta P_\epsilon P_\eta \rangle (\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} + \dots) \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

VPT4

# The Watson Rovibrational Hamiltonian

Rotational operators.

Neglecting all vibration gives  
RR approximation.

Vibrational “angular momentum”.

Vibrations combine  
and couple to rotation.

$$\hat{H} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} \mu_{\alpha\beta} (P_\alpha - \pi_\alpha)(P_\beta - \pi_\beta) + \hat{T} + \hat{V} + \hat{U}$$

Instantaneous inverse moment-of-inertia tensor.

Vibrations change the mass distribution and hence the moments of inertia (and even the principal axes).

$$\frac{1}{2} \mu_{\alpha\beta} = B_e^\alpha \delta_{\alpha\beta} - \sum_i B_e^\alpha B_e^\beta a_i^{\alpha\beta} q_i + \frac{3}{4} \sum_{\gamma ij} B_e^\alpha B_e^\beta B_e^\gamma a_i^{\alpha\gamma} a_j^{\gamma\beta} q_i q_j + \dots$$

Hamiltonian expanded in perturbation series,  
order = # of P's, p's and q's – 2:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{H} &= \hat{H}_v + \sum_{\alpha} \hat{H}_{\alpha} + \sum_{\alpha\beta} \hat{H}_{\alpha\beta} = \left[ \hat{H}_v^{[0]} + \sum_{\alpha} B_e^{\alpha} (P^{\alpha})^2 \right] \quad \text{Rigid-rotor+Harmonic Oscillator} \\
 &+ \lambda \left[ \hat{H}_v^{[1]} - \sum_{\alpha i j} 2B_e^{\alpha} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_j}{\omega_i}} \zeta_{ij}^{\alpha} P^{\alpha} q_i p_j - \sum_{\alpha\beta i} B_e^{\alpha} B_e^{\beta} a_i^{\alpha\beta} P^{\alpha} P^{\beta} q_i \right] \quad \text{Rotation+expansion of } \mu_{\alpha\beta} \\
 &+ \lambda^2 \left[ \hat{H}_v^{[2]} + \sum_{\alpha\beta i j k} 2B_e^{\alpha} B_e^{\beta} a_k^{\alpha\beta} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_j}{\omega_i}} \zeta_{ij}^{\alpha} P^{\alpha} q_k q_i p_j + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma i j} \frac{3}{4} B_e^{\alpha} B_e^{\beta} B_e^{\gamma} a_i^{\alpha\gamma} a_j^{\gamma\beta} P^{\alpha} P^{\beta} q_i q_j \right] \\
 &+ \lambda^3 \left[ \hat{H}_v^{[3]} - \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma i j k l} \frac{3}{2} B_e^{\alpha} B_e^{\beta} B_e^{\gamma} a_k^{\alpha\gamma} a_l^{\gamma\beta} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_j}{\omega_i}} \zeta_{ij}^{\alpha} P^{\alpha} q_k q_l q_i p_j - \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta i j k} \frac{1}{2} B_e^{\alpha} B_e^{\beta} B_e^{\gamma} B_e^{\delta} a_i^{\alpha\gamma} a_j^{\gamma\delta} a_k^{\delta\beta} P^{\alpha} P^{\beta} q_i q_j q_k \right] \\
 &+ \lambda^4 \left[ \hat{H}_v^{[4]} + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta i j k l m} \frac{1}{2} B_e^{\alpha} B_e^{\beta} B_e^{\gamma} B_e^{\delta} a_k^{\alpha\gamma} a_l^{\gamma\delta} a_m^{\delta\beta} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_j}{\omega_i}} \zeta_{ij}^{\alpha} P^{\alpha} q_k q_l q_m q_i p_j \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon i j k l} \frac{5}{16} B_e^{\alpha} B_e^{\beta} B_e^{\gamma} B_e^{\delta} B_e^{\epsilon} a_i^{\alpha\gamma} a_j^{\gamma\delta} a_k^{\delta\epsilon} a_l^{\epsilon\beta} P^{\alpha} P^{\beta} q_i q_j q_k q_l \right] \quad \text{Rotation+}\pi_{\alpha}\text{+expansion of } \mu_{\alpha\beta}
 \end{aligned}$$

Placement of **rotational operators** gives many terms.  
Both  $H_{\alpha\beta}$ - and  $H_\alpha H_\beta$ -type terms contribute.

Order of rotational operators in renormalization terms  
is important.



$$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i,j)$$



$$\tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}(i)$$

# Ξαβγδεη

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_i^{cg} B_e^d a_i^{dg} B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f B_e^g}{8\omega_i^2} + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_i^{eg} B_e^f a_i^{fg} B_e^g}{16\omega_i^2} + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ag} B_e^b a_i^{bg} B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f B_e^g}{16\omega_i^2} + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_i^{cg} B_e^d a_j^{dg} B_e^e a_j^{ef} B_e^f B_e^g}{16\omega_i \omega_j} \\
& + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_j^{cg} B_e^d a_i^{dg} B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f B_e^g}{16\omega_i (\omega_j + \omega_i)} + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_j^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_i^{eg} B_e^f a_j^{fg} B_e^g}{16\omega_i (\omega_j + \omega_i)} + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_j^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_j^{eg} B_e^f a_i^{fg} B_e^g}{16\omega_i (\omega_j + \omega_i)} + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ag} B_e^b a_j^{bg} B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_j^{ef} B_e^f B_e^g}{16\omega_j (\omega_j + \omega_i)} \\
& + \frac{3B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b a_j^{bg} B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f B_e^g}{16\omega_i (\omega_j + \omega_i)} + \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f \phi_{iiii}}{6\omega_i^3} + \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_j^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f \phi_{iij}(\omega_j + 3\omega_i)}{4\omega_i^2(\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_j + 2\omega_i)} + \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_j^{ef} B_e^f \phi_{iij}(\omega_j^2 + 3\omega_i \omega_j + 4\omega_i^2)}{8\omega_i^2 \omega_j (\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_j + 2\omega_i)} \\
& + \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_j^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_j^{ef} B_e^f \phi_{ijjj}}{8\omega_i \omega_j^2 (\omega_j + \omega_i)(2\omega_j + \omega_i)} + \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_j^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_k^{ef} B_e^f \phi_{ijk}(\omega_k^2 + 2\omega_j \omega_k + \omega_i \omega_k + \omega_j^2 + 2\omega_i \omega_j + \omega_i^2)}{4\omega_i \omega_k (\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_k + \omega_j)(\omega_k + \omega_j + \omega_i)} - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e \zeta_{ij}^e B_e^f \zeta_{ij}^f(\omega_j - \omega_i)}{2\omega_i^3 \omega_j} \\
& - \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b \zeta_{ij}^b B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f (\omega_j - \omega_i)}{2\omega_i^3 \omega_j} + \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c \zeta_{ij}^c B_e^d \zeta_{jk}^d B_e^e a_k^{ef} B_e^f (\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_k + \omega_j)}{2\omega_i^{\frac{3}{2}} \omega_j^2 \omega_k^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c \zeta_{jk}^c B_e^d a_i^{de} B_e^e B_e^f \zeta_{jk}^f (\omega_k - \omega_j)^2}{2\omega_i \omega_j \omega_k (\omega_k + \omega_j)(\omega_k + \omega_j + \omega_i)} + \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b a_k^{bc} B_e^c B_e^d a_k^{de} B_e^e B_e^f \zeta_{ij}^f (\omega_j - \omega_i)^2}{2\omega_i \omega_j \omega_k (\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_k + \omega_j + \omega_i)} \\
& - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c \zeta_{ij}^c B_e^d a_i^{de} B_e^e B_e^f \zeta_{jk}^f (\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_k - \omega_j)}{2\omega_i^{\frac{3}{2}} \omega_j^2 \sqrt{\omega_k} (\omega_k + \omega_j)} + \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b a_i^{bc} B_e^c \zeta_{jk}^d B_e^d a_k^{ef} B_e^f (\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2)(\omega_k + \omega_j)}{2\sqrt{\omega_i} \omega_j^2 \omega_k^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c \zeta_{jk}^c B_e^d \zeta_{ik}^d B_e^e a_k^{ef} B_e^f (\omega_j - \omega_i)(\omega_k - \omega_j)}{2\omega_i^{\frac{3}{2}} \omega_j \omega_k^{\frac{3}{2}} (\omega_k + \omega_j + \omega_i)} \\
& + \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b a_i^{bc} B_e^c B_e^d a_i^{de} B_e^e B_e^f \zeta_{ij}^f (\omega_j^2 - 4\omega_i^2)(\omega_j - \omega_i)^2}{2\omega_i^2 \omega_j^2 (\omega_j + \omega_i)} - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e \zeta_{jk}^c B_e^f \zeta_{jk}^f (\omega_k + \omega_i)(\omega_k - \omega_j)}{2\omega_i^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\omega_j} \omega_k (\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_k + \omega_j)} - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c a_i^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e \zeta_{jk}^c B_e^f \zeta_{jk}^f (\omega_k^2 - \omega_i^2)(\omega_k + \omega_j)}{2\omega_i^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\omega_j} \omega_k (\omega_j + \omega_i)} \\
& + \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b \zeta_{ik}^b B_e^c a_j^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_k^{ef} B_e^f (\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2)(\omega_k + \omega_i)}{2\omega_i \sqrt{\omega_j} \omega_k^{\frac{3}{2}} (\omega_k + \omega_j)} + \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ik}^a B_e^b \zeta_{ij}^b B_e^c a_j^{cd} B_e^d B_e^e a_k^{ef} B_e^f (\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_k - \omega_i)}{2\omega_i \sqrt{\omega_j} \omega_k^{\frac{3}{2}} (\omega_k + \omega_i)} - \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b a_i^{bc} B_e^c B_e^d a_k^{de} B_e^e B_e^f \zeta_{jk}^f (\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2)(\omega_k - \omega_j)}{2\sqrt{\omega_i} \omega_j^2 \sqrt{\omega_k} (\omega_k + \omega_j)} \\
& - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c \zeta_{jk}^c B_e^d a_i^{de} B_e^e B_e^f \zeta_{ik}^f (\omega_k^2 - \omega_i^2)(\omega_k - \omega_j)}{2\omega_i^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\omega_j} \omega_k (\omega_k + \omega_j + \omega_i)} - \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b a_k^{bc} B_e^c \zeta_{ik}^d B_e^d a_j^{ef} B_e^f (\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2)(\omega_k - \omega_i)}{2\omega_i \omega_j^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\omega_k} (\omega_k + \omega_j + \omega_i)} - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c \zeta_{ij}^c B_e^d a_i^{de} B_e^e B_e^f \zeta_{ij}^f (\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2)(3\omega_j^2 + \omega_i \omega_j + 2\omega_i^2)}{2\omega_i^2 \omega_j^2 (\omega_j + 2\omega_i)} \\
& - \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b a_i^{bc} B_e^c B_e^d \zeta_{ij}^d B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f (\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2)(3\omega_j^2 + \omega_i \omega_j + 2\omega_i^2)}{2\omega_i^2 \omega_j^2 (\omega_j + 2\omega_i)} - \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ij}^a B_e^b a_k^{bc} B_e^c B_e^d a_i^{de} B_e^e B_e^f \zeta_{jk}^f (\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2)(\omega_k - \omega_j)}{2\sqrt{\omega_i} \omega_j \sqrt{\omega_k} (\omega_k + \omega_j)(\omega_k + \omega_j + \omega_i)} \\
& - \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c \zeta_{ij}^c B_e^d \zeta_{ik}^d B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f (2\omega_j^4 + 3\omega_i \omega_j^3 + 10\omega_i^2 \omega_j^2 + 7\omega_i^3 \omega_j + 2\omega_i^4)}{2\omega_i^3 \omega_j^2 (\omega_j + \omega_i)(\omega_j + 2\omega_i)}
\end{aligned}$$

# Resonances

$$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i,j) : \frac{B_e^a \zeta_{ik}^a B_e^b \zeta_{ij}^b \phi_{iij} \phi_{jjk} (20\omega_j^6 \omega_k^8 - 185\omega_j^2 \omega_i^4 \omega_k^8 - \dots + 4\omega_i^{12} \omega_j^2)}{\omega_j^{\frac{3}{2}} \omega_k^{\frac{3}{2}} (\omega_j^2 - 4\omega_i^2) (\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2) (4\omega_j^2 - \omega_i^2) (\omega_k^2 - \omega_i^2) (\omega_k^2 - \omega_j^2) \Delta(\omega_k, \omega_j, \omega_i)}$$

Fermi and Darling-Dennison/Coriolis resonance denominators

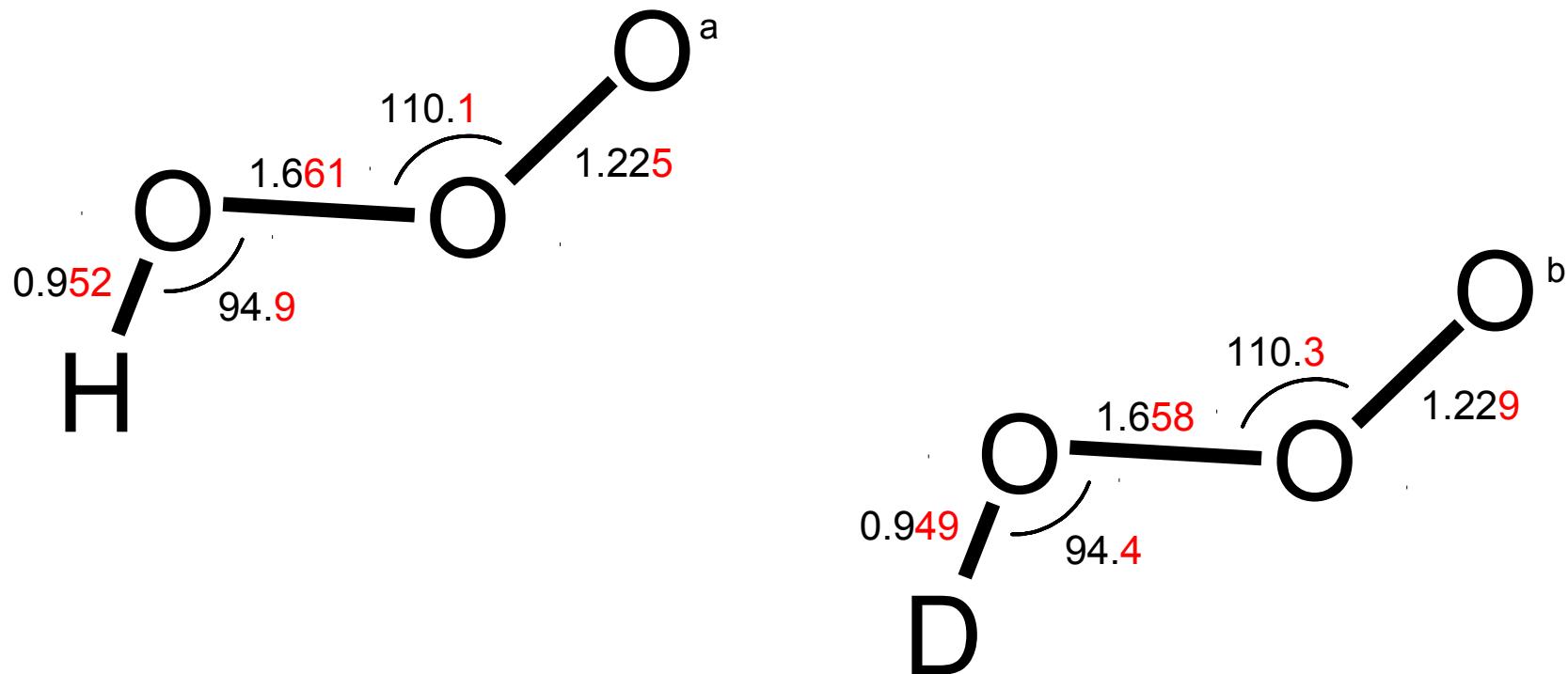
$$\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta} : \frac{B_e^a a_i^{ab} B_e^b B_e^c \zeta_{ij}^c B_e^d \zeta_{ij}^d B_e^e a_i^{ef} B_e^f (2\omega_j^4 + \dots + 2\omega_i^4)}{2\omega_i^3 \omega_j^2 (\omega_j + \omega_i) (\omega_j + 2\omega_i)}$$

No resonance denominators!

The ground state is **resonance-free**. Terms with no vibrational dependence have no resonance denominators, and the denominators cancel in  $\sum_{i \leq j} \sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i, j)$  and  $\sum_i \tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}(i)$ .

# Why VPT4?

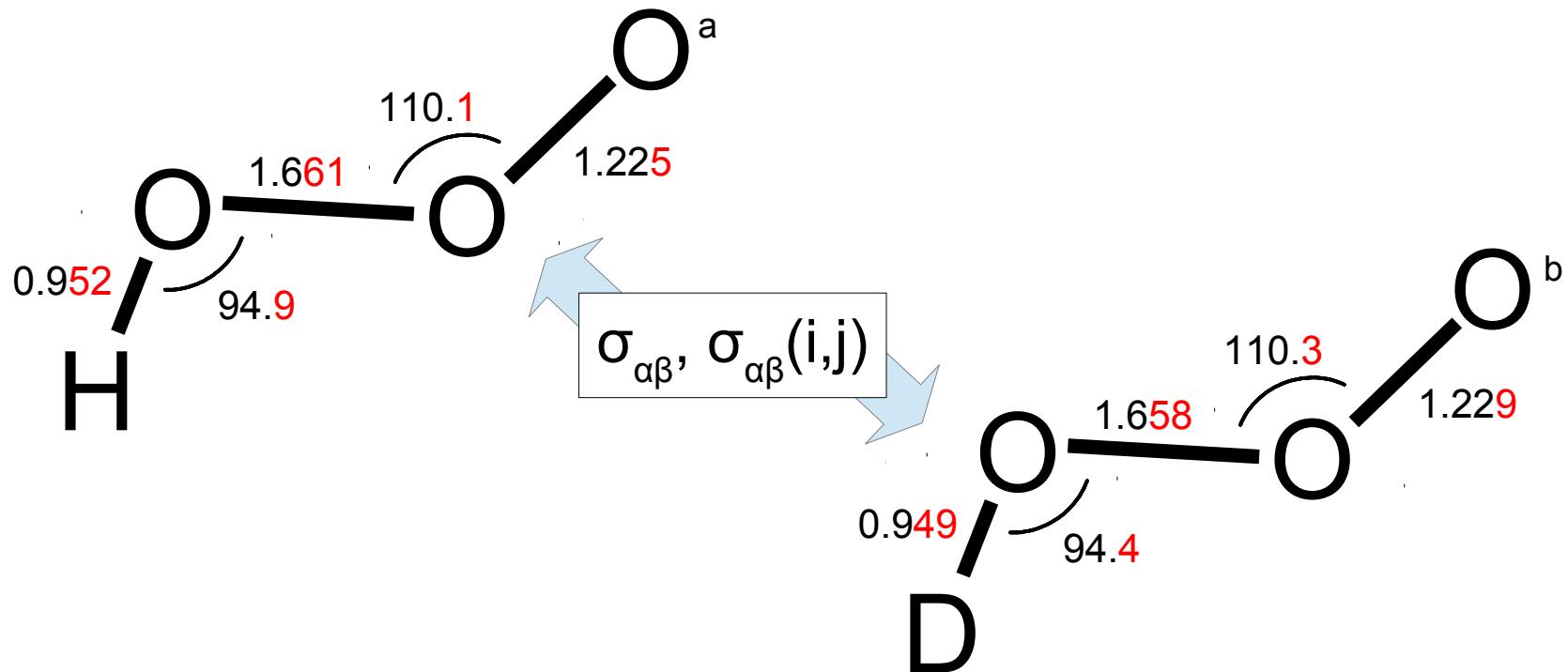
Equilibrium geometries ( $r_e$ ) from  $B_e^\gamma = B_0^\gamma + \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \alpha_i^\gamma$  (~VPT2).



- a) M. C. McCarthy, V. Lattanzi, D. Kokkin, O. Martinez, and J. F. Stanton, *J. Chem. Phys.* **136**, 034303 (2012).  
b) M. C. McCarthy, J. F. Stanton et al., *unpublished*.

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# VPT2

# VPT4

	$x_{ij}$	$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i)$	$\tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}$	$y_{ijk}$	$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}(i,j)$	$\tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}(i)$	$\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\eta}$
$F_3$	$\varphi_{ijk}$	$\varphi_{iij}$	0	$\varphi_{ijk}$	$\varphi_{ijk}$	$\varphi_{ijk}$	$\varphi_{ijk}$
$F_4$	$\varphi_{iijj}$	0	0	$\varphi_{ijkl}$	$\varphi_{ijkl}$	$\varphi_{iijk}$	0
$F_5$	0	0	0	$\varphi_{iijkl}$	$\varphi_{iijjk}$	0	0
$F_6$	0	0	0	$\varphi_{iijjkk}$	0	0	0

# Future Work

- U (pseudopotential) terms missing from VPT2 may be important when going to VPT4.
- $\tilde{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}$  equations need to be derived.
- Current constants are limited to triatomics (3 vibrational modes). The numerical implementation is not limited, however.

# Acknowledgements



Dr. John Stanton



Justin Gong



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# VPT2

# VPT4

	$x$	$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}$	$\tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}$	$y$	$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}$	$\tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}$	$\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\eta}$
const.	✓	0	✓		Not Derived		✓
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})$	0	✓	0	Not Derived		✓	
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})^2$	✓	0	0		✓		
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})(n_j + \frac{1}{2})$	✓	0	0		✓		
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})^3$	0	0	0	✓			
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})^2(n_j + \frac{1}{2})$	0	0	0	✓			
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})(n_j + \frac{1}{2})(n_k + \frac{1}{2})$	0	0	0	✓			

# VPT2

# VPT4

	x	$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}$	$\tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}$	y	$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}$	$\tau_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta}$	$\xi_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\eta}$
const.	✓	0	✓	0	Not Derived	Not Zero!	✓
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})$	0	✓	0	Not Derived	0	✓	Not Zero!
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})^2$	✓	0	0	0	✓	Not Zero!	Not Zero!
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})(n_j + \frac{1}{2})$	✓	0	0	0	✓	Not Zero!	Not Zero!
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})^3$	0	0	0	✓	0	0	0
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})^2(n_j + \frac{1}{2})$	0	0	0	✓	0	Not Zero!	0
$(n_i + \frac{1}{2})(n_j + \frac{1}{2})(n_k + \frac{1}{2})$	0	0	0	✓	0	Not Zero!	0