SELF- AND AIR-BROADENING OF $^{12}\mathrm{C}^{16}\mathrm{O},\,^{13}\mathrm{C}^{16}\mathrm{O}$ AND $^{12}\mathrm{C}^{18}\mathrm{O}$ AT 2.3 $\mu\mathrm{m}$

V. MALATHY DEVI, D. CHRIS BENNER, The College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, VA 23187; <u>MARY ANN H. SMITH</u>, Science Directorate, NASA Langley Research Center, Hampton, VA 23681; ARLAN W. MANTZ, Dept. of Physics, Astronomy and Geophysics, Connecticut College, New London, CT 06320; KEEYOON SUNG and LINDA R. BROWN, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, 4800 Oak Grove Dr., Pasadena, CA 91109.

High resolution (0.005 cm⁻¹) absorption spectra of CO and two of its isotopologues (13 CO and C 18 O) were recorded between 3550 and 5250 cm⁻¹ using the Bruker IFS-125HR Fourier transform spectrometer (FTS) located at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) and a specially designed and built coolable 20.38 cm long absorption cell^{*a*} placed within the sample compartment of the FTS. More than 50 spectra of both pure and air-broadened samples of CO, 13 CO and C 18 O were recorded at various temperatures from 150 K to 298 K, with maximum total pressures up to ~700 Torr. A multispectrum nonlinear least squares spectrum fitting technique^{*b*} was used to determine the spectral line shape parameters including speed dependence, Lorentz halfwidth coefficients, pressure-induced shift coefficients, and off-diagonal relaxation matrix element coefficients for line mixing. These line shape parameters were obtained for both self- and airbroadening, and temperature dependences of these parameters were determined where possible. As previously done in studies of CO₂,^{*c*} rather than retrieving individual line positions and intensities, we constrained them to their theoretical relationships, including Herman-Wallis terms, determining only the band intensities and rovibrational constants. The results are discussed and compared with values reported in the literature.^{*d*}

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