

THE SEARCH FOR AN OBSERVABLE HELIUM COMPLEX

ADRIAN M. GARDNER, TIMOTHY G. WRIGHT, *School of Chemistry, University of Nottingham, University Park, Nottingham, NG7 2RD, United Kingdom*; COREY J. EVANS, *Department of Chemistry, University of Leicester, University Road, Leicester, LE1 7RH, United Kingdom*.

Calculations on the He· · ·MX, Ne· · ·MX, and Ar· · ·MX (M = Cu, Ag, Au; X = F, Cl) complexes at the CCSD and CCSD(T) levels of theory have been conducted.^a The RG· · ·MX (RG = He, Ne, and Ar) dissociation energies for these complexes have been evaluated by extrapolation to the complete basis set limit. The dissociation energies determined for the He· · ·CuF and He· · ·AuF complexes have been found to be significant, at ≈ 26 kJ mol⁻¹. The nature of the interactions present in these species have been investigated employing atoms-in-molecules (AIM) analysis, natural bond order analysis, and through evaluation of the dipole/induced dipole and ion/induced dipole interactions. This analysis has shown that the bonding in the strongly bound He· · ·CuF and He· · ·AuF complexes is slightly covalent in nature.

^aC. J. Evans, T. G. Wright and A. M. Gardner, *J. Phys. Chem. A*, 114, 4446, (2010)