

ROTATION-TUNNELING ANALYSIS OF EXCITED-STATE PROTON TRANSFER IN DEUTERATED TROPOLONE

KATHRYN CHEW, DEACON J. NEMCHICK, JOHN E. WOLFF, and PATRICK H. VACCARO, *Department of Chemistry, Yale University, P. O. Box 208107, New Haven, CT 06520-8107 USA.*

The origin band of the $\tilde{A}^1B_2 - \tilde{X}^1A_1$ ($\pi^* \leftarrow \pi$) absorption system in monodeuterated tropolone (TrOD) has been probed with rotational resolution by applying polarization-resolved degenerate four-wave mixing (DFWM) spectroscopy under ambient, bulk-gas conditions. Judicious selection of polarization geometries for incident and detected electromagnetic waves alleviated intrinsic spectral congestion and facilitated dissection of overlapping transitions, thereby enabling refined rotational-tunneling parameters to be extracted for the \tilde{A}^1B_2 ($\pi^*\pi$) manifold. A pronounced $2.14(5)\text{ cm}^{-1}$ bifurcation of rovibronic features is measured for the zero-point level of electronically excited TrOD, reflecting the presence of a substantial potential barrier along the $\text{O}-\text{D}\cdots\text{O} \longleftrightarrow \text{O}\cdots\text{D}-\text{O}$ reaction coordinate^a and representing nearly a ten-fold decrease in magnitude over the analogous tunneling-induced splitting for the parent (TrOH) isotopolog. The dependence of hydron-migration dynamics on internal degrees of freedom will be discussed in light of donor-acceptor displacements incurred by $\pi^* \leftarrow \pi$ electron promotion and structural effects accompanying selective isotopic modification of the tropolone molecular framework.

^aEstimated to be of 1270.6 cm^{-1} height at the fully-optimized EOM-CCSD/aug-cc-pVDZ level of theory; L. A. Burns, D. Murdock, and P. H. Vaccaro, *J. Chem. Phys.* **130**, 144304 (2009).