

Supporting information for “Accurate
intermolecular interactions at dramatically
reduced cost: XPol+SAPT with empirical
dispersion”

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Optimized values of the range separation parameter, ω , for use with the LRC- ω PBEh functional are provided in Table S1 for each monomer unit consider in this work. Figure S1 shows some Ar \cdots Ne potential energy curves computed at various levels of theory.

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Table S1: Optimized range separation parameters (ω) for monomers.

Monomer	ω/bohr^{-1}	Ionization potential/eV
adenine ^a	0.05	9.8587
2-aminopyridine	0.10	8.2416
benzene	0.10	9.2163
ethyne	0.15	11.1043
ethene	0.15	10.2657
methane	0.20	14.2371
formamide ^a	0.05	10.1339
formic acid ^a	0.05	11.3846
water	0.10	12.3393
HCl	0.35	13.9377
indole	0.10	7.8064
ammonia	0.10	10.6694
phenol	0.10	8.5962
pyrazine	0.20	10.4075
2-pyridoxine	0.10	8.3881
thymine	0.25	10.0360
uracil	0.20	10.0986
acetate	0.05	3.9296
formaldehyde	0.10	10.7603
guanidinium	0.05	16.1640
imidazolium ^a	0.05	17.1969
methylamine	0.10	9.5708
methylammonium	0.20	20.6299
methanol	0.10	10.9272
AcNH ₂ ^a	0.05	9.6747
AcOH ^a	0.05	10.7562
cyclopentane	0.20	11.7103
neopentane	0.10	11.3508
pentane	0.10	11.3075
peptide ^a	0.05	9.4611
pyridine	0.10	9.6925

^aThis monomer does not meet the condition $\varepsilon_{\text{HOMO}} = -\text{IP}$, so we set $\omega = 0.05 \text{ bohr}^{-1}$ to approximate this condition as best as possible.

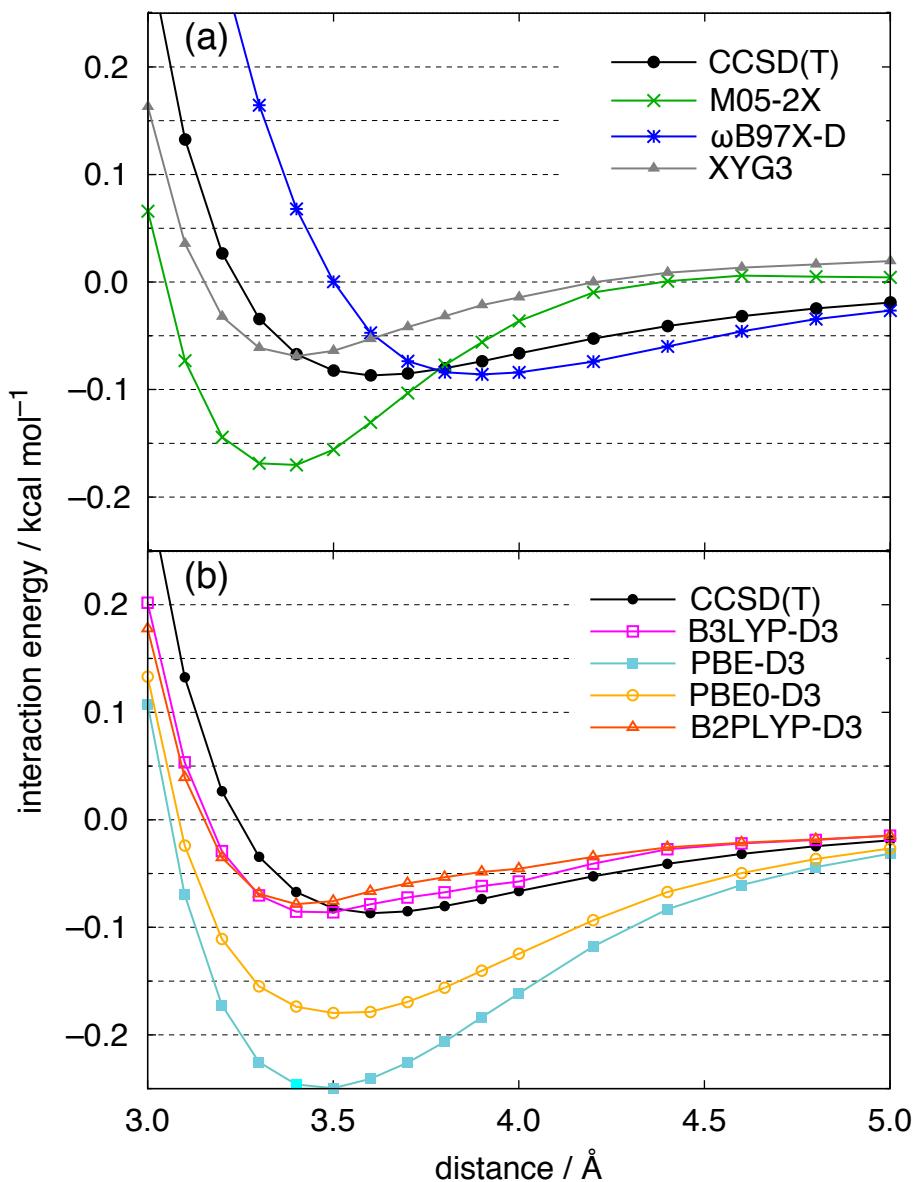


Figure S1: Potential energy curves for $\text{Ar}\cdots\text{Ne}$, computed using the aug-cc-pVTZ basis set with counterpoise correction.