

# Devoir 1

Instructeur: King-Yeung Lam

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Prove the following.

**Corollary 0.1.** *Suppose  $u, v \in C(\bar{\Omega}_T)$  satisfy*

$$\begin{cases} u_t + \mathcal{L}u \leq f(x, t, u, Du) & \text{and} & v_t + Lv \geq f(x, t, v, Dv) & \text{in } \Omega_T, \\ B(u - v) \leq 0 & & & \text{in } S\Omega_T, \end{cases} \quad (0.1)$$

*in the generalized sense. If  $u(x, 0) \leq v(x, 0)$  in  $\Omega$ , then  $u \leq v$  in  $\Omega_T$ .*

Here's an outline of the proof.

- (a) One may assume without loss of generality that  $f$  is decreasing in the third variable  $u$ . (Hint: By finding a PDE for which  $\tilde{u}(x, t) = e^{Mt}u(x, t)$  and  $\tilde{v}(x, t) = e^{Mt}v(x, t)$  form a pair of sub- and supersolutions, where some  $M \gg 1$ .)
- (b) Prove that if  $u(x, 0) < v(x, 0)$  in  $\bar{\Omega}$ , then  $u(x, t) < v(x, t)$  in  $\bar{\Omega}_T$ . (Hint: Suppose to the contrary, then there exists  $(x_0, t_0) \in \bar{\Omega} \times (0, T]$  (which means  $t_0 > 0$ ) such that  $u < v$  in  $\bar{\Omega} \times [0, t_0)$  and  $u(x_0, t_0) = v(x_0, t_0)$ . Derive a contradiction with definition of generalized super/subsolutions.)
- (c) Show that  $u(x, t) \leq v(x, t) + \epsilon$  in  $\Omega_T$ , for each  $\epsilon > 0$ .