

## CHARACTERIZATION OF A 1:1 METHANOL-BENZENE COMPLEX USING MATRIX ISOLATION INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY

JAY C. AMICANGELO, NATALIE C. ROMANO, AND GEOFFREY R. DEMAY, *School of Science, Penn State Erie, Erie, PA 16563.*

Matrix isolation infrared spectroscopy was used to characterize a 1:1 complex of methanol ( $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ ) with benzene ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$ ). Co-deposition experiments with  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  and  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  were performed at 17 - 20 K using nitrogen and argon as the matrix gases. New infrared bands attributable to the  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH-C}_6\text{H}_6$  complex were observed near the O-H and C-O stretching vibrations of  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  and near the hydrogen out-of-plane bending vibration of  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$ . The initial identification of the new infrared bands observed was established by performing a concentration study (1:200 to 1:2000 S:M ratios), by comparing the co-deposition spectra with the spectra of the individual monomers, by matrix annealing experiments, and by performing experiments using isotopically labeled methanol ( $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ) and benzene ( $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ ). Quantum chemical calculations were also performed for the  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH-C}_6\text{H}_6$  complex using density functional theory and ab initio methods. Two stable minima were found for the complex: one in which the  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  is above the  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  ring with the hydroxyl hydrogen interacting with the  $\pi$  cloud of the ring (H- $\pi$  complex) and the other in which the  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  is in the plane of the  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  ring with the hydroxyl oxygen interacting with one of the C-H bonds of the ring (CH-O complex). Comparing the calculated shifts of the vibrational frequencies for both complexes to the observed experimental frequency shifts, it is found that the H- $\pi$  complex is in best agreement with the experimental shifts in both magnitude and direction. Therefore, it is concluded that the geometry of the  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH-C}_6\text{H}_6$  complex observed in the matrix isolation experiments is the H- $\pi$  complex.