GAS PHASE ROVIBRATIONAL SPECTROSCOPY OF DMSO, PART.I: WHEN A SYNCHROTRON SOURCE RE-VEALS AN UNUSUAL ROTATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

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Many of us have enjoyed the spectacle of a spinning top influenced by friction: rotating rapidly about a stable stationary axis, the top loses slowly its angular momentum j (and energy), slows down gradually, and then, suddenly, its axis becomes unstable, the top wobbles, and an abrupt change of the tops position follows. In other words, the system undergoes a bifurcation. In the case of the tippe top, rotation about its lower point is stable at low values of angular momentum J and becomes unstable at large J. Something quite similar occurs in a freely rotating dimethylsulfoxyde (DMSO, $(CH_3)_2SO$) molecule. For the first time in such large polyatomic molecule a quantum bifurcation induced by a gyroscopic destabilization was observed. ^{*a*} This unusual phenomenon in rotational dynamics was discovered in the rovibrational states of the bending fundamental ν_{23} band of DMSO whose high-resolution gas phase absorption spectrum was observed along with that of ν_{11} by Cuisset et al. ^{*b*} using the exceptional properties of the AILES beamline in the Far-Infrared domain. ^{*c*}

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^cJ. B. Brubach et al., AIP Conf. Proc., **1214**, (81), 2010.