

## VIBRONIC ANALYSIS OF THE $\tilde{A}^2E''$ STATE OF $\text{NO}_3$ RADICAL

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The nitrate radical is a key reactant in atmospheric chemistry leading to the formation of acid rain and is the primary oxidant in the night sky. The  $\tilde{A}^2E''$  state of  $\text{NO}_3$  is doubly degenerate and is therefore subject to Jahn-Teller (JT) coupling through the degenerate in-plane stretch and bend modes ( $\nu_3$  and  $\nu_4$  respectively). We have taken a moderate resolution CRDS spectrum of the  $\tilde{A}^2E''-\tilde{X}^2A'_2$  transition of the  $\text{NO}_3$  radical under jet-cooled conditions. We resolve  $\sim 20$  vibronic transitions and are able to assign many using an independent anharmonic oscillator model as was presented previously.<sup>b</sup> In order to gain a deeper understanding of the nature of the JT effect in this electronic state we have performed a vibronic analysis including linear and quadratic JT coupling terms for  $\nu_3$  and  $\nu_4$  and possible bilinear coupling between the totally symmetric stretch,  $\nu_1$ , and  $\nu_4$ . We conclude that the JT coupling in  $\nu_4$  is quite weak. Satisfactory spectral fits can be obtained assuming weak JT coupling for  $\nu_3$  also, though there is some evidence of strong JT coupling for  $\nu_3$  and the strengths and weaknesses of each case are discussed.

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<sup>b</sup>Codd, T. et al. 67<sup>th</sup> Int. Symp. Molec. Spec. (2012)