

ELECTRONIC TRANSITIONS OF RUTHENIUM MONOXIDE

NA WANG, Y. W. NG, and A. S-C. CHEUNG, *Department of Chemistry, The University of Hong Kong, Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong.*

The electronic transition spectrum of ruthenium monoxide (RuO) molecule in the spectral region between 545nm to 640nm has been recorded and analyzed using laser ablation/reaction free-jet expansion and laser induced fluorescence spectroscopy. The RuO molecule was produced by reacting laser-ablated ruthenium atoms with N₂O seeded in argon. Nine vibrational bands were recorded and they are identified to be belonging to four electronic transition systems, namely the [18.1] $\Omega = 4 - X^5\Delta_4$ transition, [16.0] $^5\Phi_5 - X^5\Delta_4$ transition, [18.1] $\Omega = 3 - X^5\Delta_3$, and [15.8] $^5\Phi_4 - X^5\Delta_3$ transition. RuO has been determined to have a $X^5\Delta_4$ ground state. A least squares fit of the measured rotational lines yielded molecular constants for the ground and the low-lying electronic states. A molecular orbital energy level diagram has been used to help with the assignment of the observed electronic states.