

## SUB-DOPPLER RESOLUTION SPECTROSCOPY OF THE FUNDAMENTAL BAND OF HCl WITH AN OPTICAL FREQUENCY COMB

K. IWAKUNI and M. ABE and H. SASADA, *Department of Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Keio University, 3-14-1, Hiyoshi, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama 223-8522, Japan.*

We have demonstrated wavelength modulation spectroscopy of HCl using a difference-frequency-generation (DFG) source and an enhanced-cavity absorption cell. The frequency axis of the spectrum is calibrated by a fiber-based optical frequency comb which is locked to a Rb clock linked with TAI. The pump and signal sources of DFG are a 1.06- $\mu\text{m}$  Nd:YAG laser and a 1.55- $\mu\text{m}$  ECLD, and the idler wave is generated in a waveguide-type PPLN. The hyperfine structure caused by the Cl nucleus with the spin 3/2 is resolved for the  $R(0)$ ,  $R(1)$ , and  $R(2)$  transitions in the fundamental vibration band. The hyperfine components of  $\Delta F = +1, 0, -1$ , and the cross-over resonances are observed with a typical line width of about 220 kHz, and the transition frequencies are measured with an uncertainty of less than 10 kHz. The pressure- and power-dependences of the transition frequency and the spectral intensity of the cross-over resonances are also investigated.