

STRUCTURAL, CONFORMATIONAL AND VIBRATIONAL STUDIES OF ISOCYANOCYCLOPENTANE FROM INFRARED, RAMAN SPECTRA AND AB INITIO CALCULATIONS

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The infrared and Raman spectra (3200 to 50 cm^{-1}) of the gas, liquid or solution, and solid have been recorded of isocyanocyclopentane, $c\text{-C}_5\text{H}_9\text{NC}$. FT-microwave studies have also been carried out and 23 transitions were recorded for the envelope-axial (Ax) conformer. Variable temperature (-55 to -100°C) studies of the infrared spectra (3200 to 400 cm^{-1}) dissolved in liquid xenon have been carried out. From these data, both the Ax and envelope-equatorial (Eq) conformers have been identified and their relative stabilities obtained. The enthalpy difference has been determined to be $102 \pm 10\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ($1.21 \pm 0.03\text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$) with the Ax conformer the more stable form. The percentage of the Eq conformer is estimated to be $38 \pm 1\%$ at ambient temperature. The conformational stabilities have been predicted from ab initio calculations by utilizing several different basis sets up to aug-cc-pVTZ from both MP2(full) and density functional theory calculations by the B3LYP method. Vibrational assignments have been made for the observed bands for both conformers with initial predictions by MP2(full)/6-31G(d) ab initio calculations to obtain harmonic force constants, wavenumbers, infrared intensities, Raman activities and depolarization ratios for both conformers. The heavy atom distances (\AA): $\text{C}\equiv\text{N} = 1.176$; $\text{C}-\text{N}\equiv\text{C} = 1.432$; $\text{C}-\text{C}_\beta, \text{C}_{\beta'}$ = 1.534 ; $\text{C}_\beta-\text{C}_\gamma, \text{C}_{\gamma'}$ = 1.542 ; $\text{C}_\gamma-\text{C}_{\gamma'}$ = 1.554 and angles ($^\circ$): $\angle\text{C}-\text{N} = 177.8$; $\angle\text{C}_\beta\text{C}-\text{N} = 110.4$; $\angle\text{C}_\beta\text{CC}_{\beta'} = 102.9$; $\angle\text{CC}_\beta\text{C}_\gamma = 103.6$; $\angle\text{C}_\beta\text{C}_\gamma\text{C}_{\gamma'} = 105.9$. The results are discussed and compared to the corresponding properties of some related molecules.