

LASER VELOCITY MODULATION SPECTROSCOPY OF THE  ${}^3\Delta(3d4s) - X{}^3\Phi(3d^2)$  VISIBLE SYSTEM OF  $\text{TiCl}^+$  IN THE VISIBLE RANGE AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SPIN-ORBIT STRUCTURE.

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A single mode cw dye laser along with velocity modulation detection was used to record the absorption spectrum of the the visible system of  $\text{TiCl}^+$  produced in an ac glow discharge between 17 100 and 18 600  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  with a gas mixture of  $\text{He}/\text{TiCl}_4$ . The translational temperature can be estimated to be about 800 K inducing narrow line shape. The rotational structure of the (0,0) and (1,0) vibrational bands has been observed and fully analysed for the main isotopomer  $\text{Ti}^{35}\text{Cl}^+$  as well as the (0,0) and (1,0) bands for  $\text{Ti}^{37}\text{Cl}^+$ . A set of molecular parameters has been obtained which includes the spin-orbit parameters thanks to the observation of the forbidden  ${}^3\Delta_2 - {}^3\Phi_2$  and  ${}^3\Delta_3 - {}^3\Phi_3$  intercombination transitions<sup>a</sup>. The  $X{}^3\Phi(3d^2)$  state was found to be perturbed. Additional spectra have been recorded with a better sensitivity in the same spectral range. In this communication we will report the observation of new bands. Among them, hot bands have already been identified, involving the  $v'' = 1$  levels. The detailed analysis of the spectrum in this range is currently performed in order to determine a set of unperturbed molecular parameters for the ground state. Efforts are also in progress for producing other Ti - containing ions by introduction of a reactive gas into the discharge, in relation with the astrophysical interest of Ti containing compounds.

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