

THE  $C_2N_2$   $C^1B_u - X^1\Sigma_g^+$  TRANSITION: ASSIGNMENT OF THE EXCITED ELECTRONIC STATE, ITS ORIGIN AND VIBRATIONAL FREQUENCIES

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A new analysis is presented for the VUV  $C_2N_2$   $C^1B_u - X^1\Sigma_g^+$  transition. Contrary to previous studies this is shown to be a linear to bent transition with a trans-bent  $C^1B_u$  excited electronic state. The electronic origin is at  $59,848\text{ cm}^{-1}$ , about  $550\text{ cm}^{-1}$  lower than previously thought <sup>a</sup>. Vibrational bands between 170 and 145 nm are assigned. The  $C^1B_u$  symmetric CN stretching frequency,  $\nu_1$ , is as previously noted  $2050 \pm 20\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . It has been possible to assign four of the five other vibrational frequencies. The symmetric CC stretching frequency,  $\nu_2$ , is  $926 \pm 20\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . The trans-bending vibrational frequency,  $\nu_3$ , is  $532 \pm 10\text{ cm}^{-1}$ , the torsional bending frequency,  $\nu_4$ , is  $110 \pm 10\text{ cm}^{-1}$  and the cis bending frequency,  $\nu_6$ , is  $140 \pm 10\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . Anharmonicities have also been determined for the various vibrational modes.

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<sup>a</sup>S. Bell, et al., *Mol. Spectrosc.* 30 (1969) 162