

TENSORIAL DEVELOPMENT FOR THE ROVIBRONIC HAMILTONIAN AND TRANSITION MOMENTS OF OCTAHEDRAL XY_6 MOLECULES IN A FOURFOLD DEGENERATE ELECTRONIC STATE

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Some transition-metal hexafluorides like ReF_6 , OsF_6 or IrF_6 have the particularity to possess an incomplete electronic subshell leading to low-lying degenerate electronic states. The ground electronic state is generally also degenerate. This implies the existence of very complex rovibronic couplings and thus the observation of unusual spectra^{a,b}

A few years ago, we have elaborated a tensorial formalism adapted to octahedral molecules with an odd number of electrons^c (*i.e.* with half-integer angular momenta), defining the O_h^S group as the octahedron point group with its spinorial representations. We also presented a systematic tensorial development in the $SU(2) \otimes C_I \supset O_h^S$ group chain for the vibronic Hamiltonian of an octahedral molecule in a fourfold degenerate electronic state^d of symmetry G'_g . However, this development had the disadvantage to lead to infinite matrices, due to the particular form of the vibronic coupling terms (Jahn-Teller, ...). Moreover, the molecular rotation was not included. In this talk, we present a systematic tensorial development of the full effective rovibronic Hamiltonian for a given vibronic polyad in a G'_g electronic state. A construction of the form

$$\tilde{H} = \sum_i \tilde{t}_i ((E^{(\Gamma_e)} \otimes V^{(\Gamma_v)})^{(\Gamma)} \otimes R^{(\Gamma)})^{(A_{1g})}$$

is proposed, where we define electronic operators $E^{(\Gamma_e)}$. This Hamiltonian has now finite matrices in the basis of the considered polyad. A similar construction is also given for the transition moment operators (dipole moment and polarizability) which are necessary to calculate transition intensities.

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^bV. Boudon, M. Rotger and D. Avignant *J. Mol. Spectrosc.* **175**, 327–339 (1996).

^cV. Boudon, and F. Michelot *J. Mol. Spectrosc.* **165**, 554–579 (1994).

^dV. Boudon, F. Michelot, and J. Moret-Bailly *J. Mol. Spectrosc.* **166**, 449–470 (1994).