

HIGH-LYING RYDBERG STATES AND IONIZATION POTENTIAL OF VINYL CHLORIDE STUDIED BY TWO-PHOTON RESONANT IONIZATION SPECTROSCOPY

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High-lying Rydberg states of jet-cooled vinyl chloride (C_2H_3Cl) at 7.5-10 eV have been observed using 2+1 resonance-enhanced multi-photon ionization (REMPI) spectroscopy. The vibronic transitions in the ranges of $62500\text{-}65000\text{ cm}^{-1}$, $67000\text{-}70000\text{ cm}^{-1}$ and $70000\text{-}72500\text{ cm}^{-1}$ are attributed to $\pi \rightarrow 3p$, $\pi \rightarrow 3d/n_{Cl} \rightarrow 3s$ and $\pi \rightarrow 4p$ excitations according to the previous assignment by Williams and Cool.^a Comprehensive analysis for the vibronic transitions is facilitated with the calculation of Franck-Condon factors based on our recently developed theoretical method.^b Four Rydberg series at 9.5-10 eV are newly observed and tentatively assigned as due to the promotion of a π -electron to the ns ($n = 8\text{-}13, 20$), np ($n = 7\text{-}11, 18$), np' ($n = 6, 7, 10\text{-}18, 21$) and nf ($n = 6\text{-}16$) Rydberg orbitals. All the four Rydberg series converge to the same limit, *i.e.* the ground state of vinyl chloride cation. The term values of the nf Rydberg series, fitted to Rydberg formula, provide a very accurate adiabatic ionization energy, $80718 \pm 2\text{ cm}^{-1}$, for vinyl chloride with a quantum defect of $\delta = 0.02$.

^aB. A. Williams and T. A. Cool, *J. Phys. Chem.*, **97**, 1270 (1993).

^bA. M. Mebel, Y.-T. Chen and S. H. Lin, *J. Chem. Phys.*, **105**, 9007 (1996).