

RING-PUCKERING CONFORMATIONS OF 3-HYDROXYTETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE AND  
TETRAHYDROTHIOPHEN-3-ONE FROM ROTATIONAL SPECTROSCOPY

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Rotational spectra of the heterocyclic rings 3-hydroxytetrahydrofuran and tetrahydrothiophen-3-one have been recorded using a Fourier-transform microwave spectrometer. Spectra of the  $^{34}\text{S}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  isotopomers were recorded in natural abundance. The  $a$ -,  $b$ -, and  $c$ -type transitions observed for each species were fit to a Watson A-reduction Hamiltonian, which led to the rotational constants  $A = 4272.6617$  (9),  $B = 2764.5523$  (7), and  $C = 2250.1361$  (4) MHz for 3-hydroxytetrahydrothiophene and  $A = 5623.697$  (1),  $B = 2431.3551$  (4), and  $C = 1801.4946$  (4) MHz for tetrahydrothiophen-3-one. Ring-puckering conformations were determined from fitting the rotational constants as well as from Kraitchman calculations of the atomic coordinates. Ab initio calculations at the MP2/6-31+G\*\* level support the experimental structures.