

THE MILLIMETER/SUBMILLIMETER SPECTRUM OF LiSH( $\tilde{X}^1A'$ ): FURTHER INVESTIGATIONS OF THE METAL-SULFUR BOND

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The pure rotational spectra of LiSH ( $\tilde{X}^1A'$ ) and two of its isotopomers ( ${}^6\text{LiSH}$ , LiSD) were recorded using millimeter/submillimeter-wave direct absorption techniques. The molecule was produced by reacting lithium vapor with H<sub>2</sub>S in the presence of a d.c. discharge. Transition ranging from  $J = 1 \rightarrow 2$  to  $J = 13 \rightarrow 14$ , spanning the region of 73-520 GHz, were measured for  ${}^7\text{LiSH}$ , as well as 3-4 transitions for the  ${}^6\text{Li}$  and deuterium isotopomers. The spectra showed an extensive K<sub>a</sub> ladder structure for the three species, which is consistent with the molecule being an asymmetric top. Rotational constants for all three molecules have been determined, as well as r<sub>0</sub> and r<sub>m</sub><sup>(1)</sup> structures for LiSH. This study shows that this molecule is bent, with  $\Theta = 93^\circ$  and therefore is significantly different from the quasilinear LiOH. This structural change likely results from more covalent bonding in LiSH.