

VIBRATIONAL SPECTROSCOPY OF ATMOSPHERIC RELEVANT HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS: THE C-H-STRETCH VIBRATIONS OF CHLOROMETHYL

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The symmetric stretch vibration ($3055.07723(63) \text{ cm}^{-1}$) of chloromethyl radical has been characterized via tunable difference frequency IR absorption spectroscopy in a slit supersonic discharge expansion source with a resolution of 0.0001 cm^{-1} . Rotational progressions for both nuclear spin isomers ($K=0,1$) and chlorine isotopes are observed and assigned. Rotational analysis and least squares fits to a Watson Hamiltonian have been performed with ground state values were taken from rotational spectra^a, yielding asymmetric top rotational, centrifugal distortion constants and isotope shifts for the vibrationally excited state. Searches at shot noise limited detection sensitivity have also been performed for the asymmetric C-H-stretch vibration ($3163\text{-}3232 \text{ cm}^{-1}$), confirming theoretical predictions that this band is at least 25 times weaker than the corresponding symmetric stretch vibration.

^aY. Endo, S. Saito, E. Hirota, *Can. J. Phys.* 62, 1347 (1984)