

SENSITIVE FLUORESCENCE SPECTROSCOPY OF JET COOLED $^{15}\text{NO}_2$

E. A. VOLKERS, A. VREDENBORG, H. LINNARTZ, J. BULTHUIS, S. STOLTE, *Laser Centre Vrije Universiteit, Department of Physical Chemistry, De Boelelaan 1083, NL 1081 HV Amsterdam, The Netherlands;*
R. JOST, *Laboratoire de Spectrométrie Physique, Université Joseph Fourier de Grenoble, BP 87, 38402 Saint Martin d'Heres Cedex, France.*

A spectroscopic setup designed for high resolution spectroscopy of jet cooled $^x\text{O}^y\text{N}^z\text{O}$ isotopologues is described with the aim to obtain high quality laboratory spectra for the study of the mass independent effect in this triatomic molecule. A special piezo valve allows operation at minimal gas consumption and time gated fluorescence spectroscopy is used as a highly sensitive detection technique. The performance of the setup is demonstrated on the first $\text{A}^2\text{B}_2 - \text{X}^2\text{A}_1$ rovibronic transitions of $^{15}\text{N}^{16}\text{O}_2$ measured in a jet. The gas consumption is as low as 0.025 mg per cm^{-1} spectral range. Special efforts have been made to extend applications to lower energies, using a LN_2 cooled germanium detector.

[1] E.A. Volkers, A. Vredenborg, H. Linnartz, J. Bulthuis, S. Stolte, R. Jost, *Chem. Phys. Lett.*, submitted (2004).