ELECTRONIC SPECTROSCOPY OF JET COOLED THIOPHENOXYL RADICAL

<u>MASARU FUKUSHIMA</u> and TAKASHI ISHIWATA, Faculty of Information Sciences, Hiroshima City University, Hiroshima 731-3194, Japan; KINICHI OBI, Department of Chemical and Biological Sciences, Japan Women's University, Tokyo 112-8681, Japan.

The thiophenoxyl radical, C_6H_5 -S (ϕ -S), is an aromatic free radical with a benzyl type π -electronic structure. We have generated the ϕ -S radical by ArF laser photolysis in supersonic free jet expansions, and observed laser induced fluorescence (LIF) of the green-blue band. We have measured the vibrationally and rotationally resolved LIF excitation spectra and the vibrationally resolved LIF dispersed spectra from the single vibronic levels (SVL). On the basis of the precise vibrational analysis of the dispersed spectra, we propose new vibrational assignments to the vibronic bands on the excitation spectrum. The band types of the vibronic bands determined from the rotationally resolved excitation spectra make it possible us to give a definite assignment of the D_2 $1^2A_2 - D_0$ 1^2B_1 , $\pi^* \leftarrow \pi$, electronic transition for the green-blue band of ϕ -S. Based on the results of the spectroscopic assignments, we will discuss the electronic and vibrational structure of ϕ -S both on the ground D_0 1^2B_1 and the second excited D_2 1^2A_2 states.