## THE FORMAMIDE-(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>n</sub> (n=1,2) CLUSTERS BY ROTATIONAL SPECTROSCOPY

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Formamide (NH<sub>2</sub>-COH) is the most simple molecule carrying the peptide linkage and its microsolvated clusters can be used to investigate the diverse hydrogen bond interactions of water with this functional group. A molecular beam Fourier Transform microwave spectrometer<sup>*a*</sup> equipped with a heating nozzle<sup>*b*</sup> has been used for this research. The most stable conformer of the formamide-H<sub>2</sub>O complex, previously observed by Lovas *et al.*,<sup>*c*</sup> is stabilized by two hydrogen bonds O-H  $\cdot$  O=C and N-H  $\cdot$  O with water closing a cycle with the peptide functional group. In the present work we have observed two new formamide-H<sub>2</sub>O conformers and the trimer formamide-(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>. In the second most stable 1:1 conformer water is placed on the other side of the carbonyl group stabilized by a O-H  $\cdot$  O=C hydrogen bond and by a C-H  $\cdot$  O weak hydrogen bond. In the third 1:1 complex, water is bonded to the amino group by a N-H  $\cdot$  O hydrogen bonds (O-H  $\cdot$  O=C, O-H  $\cdot$  O and N-H  $\cdot$  O). The rotational spectra of the parent and several D/H, <sup>15</sup>N/<sup>14</sup>N, <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C and <sup>18</sup>O/<sup>16</sup>O isotopically substituted species have been measured for the formamide monomer, the most stable conformer of the formamide-(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub> complex in order to investigate their structures. High level *ab initio* computations have been performed in order to complement the experimental results.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> J. L. Alonso, F. Lorenzo, J. C. López, A. Lesarri, S. Mata and H. Dreizler; Chem. Phys., 218, 267 (1997)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> S. Blanco, J. C. López, J. L. Alonso, P. Ottaviani and W. Caminati; J. Chem. Phys., 119, 880 (2003)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> F. J. Lovas, R. D. Suenram, G. T. Fraser, C. W. Gillies and J. Zozom, J. Chem. Phys., 88 722 (1988)