ANALYSIS OF HIGH-RESOLUTION INFRARED SPECTRA OF $^{11}\mathrm{BF_3}$ FOR VIBRATIONAL STATES BETWEEN 1600 AND 4300 $\mathrm{cm^{-1}}$

ARTHUR MAKI, 15012 24th Ave. S.E., Mill Creek WA, 98012; TONY MASIELLO, THOMAS A. BLAKE, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, P.O. Box 999, Mail Stop K8-88, Richland, WA 99352 (PNNL is operated for the US Department of Energy by the Battelle Memorial Institute under contract DE-AC05-76RL0 1830).

Last year at this Symposium (RX02) we presented spectroscopic measurements and ro-vibrational analysis for vibrational states of $^{11}\mathrm{BF_3}$ below $1600~\mathrm{cm^{-1}}$. This year we present measurements and analysis for vibrational states of $^{11}\mathrm{BF_3}$ up to $4300~\mathrm{cm^{-1}}$. Measurements were made of an isotopically enriched sample using a Bruker IFS 120HR Fourier transform spectrometer located at the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory. Spectra were recorded with resolutions ranging from 0.0015 to $0.0035~\mathrm{cm^{-1}}$ and pathlengths up to 32 m. The combination states in the following sets of interacting states have been either observed directly from a transition or determined indirectly by its perturbative affects on observed states: 102^20^0 (3783.85162(8) cm $^{-1}$), 102^00^0 (3756.085 cm $^{-1}$), $101^{-1}3^3$ (3763.14(16) cm $^{-1}$), 002^02^2 (3830.233(50) cm $^{-1}$); 200^01^1 (2240.94976(3) cm $^{-1}$), 120^00^0 (2264.327(10) cm $^{-1}$); 300^01^1 (3118.20602(6) cm $^{-1}$), 220^00^0 (3141.688(13) cm $^{-1}$); 110^01^1 (2050.11053(7) cm $^{-1}$), 030^00^0 (2081.12683(6) cm $^{-1}$); 010^02^0 (1652.35840(7) cm $^{-1}$), 010^01^2 (1652.73764(5) cm $^{-1}$); 101^10^0 (2336.2009(29) cm $^{-1}$), $100^03^{1,3}$ (2311.519(15) cm $^{-1}$); 201^10^0 (3216.2986(13) cm $^{-1}$), $200^03^{1,3}$ (3188.650(76) cm $^{-1}$); $(001^11^1)^{0,2}$ (1931.87377(14) cm $^{-1}$), $(000^04^{0,2,4})$ (1921.996(11) cm $^{-1}$); $(101^11^1)^{0,2}$ (2810.69018(8) cm $^{-1}$), $(100^04^{0,2,4})$ (2787.31 cm $^{-1}$); $(201^11^1)^{0,2}$ (3687.1503(10) cm $^{-1}$). The 003^10^0 – 000^00^0 transition was observed near 4310 cm $^{-1}$ and was treated as an unperturbed perpendicular band except for the l-type resonance between the k = 1, l = 1 and k = -1, l = -1 levels. Effects from other perturbations are thought to be too small to be observed. An infrared forbidden transition 011^10^0 – 000^00^0 , $E'' - A'_1$, was also observed near 2140 cm $^{-1}$. The transitions obey electric dipole allowed selecti