## SPECTROSCOPY OF LARGE, COLD MOLECULAR CLUSTERS

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A review will be presented of our work in the spectroscopy of large, cold molecular clusters. Growth of clusters in He droplets at T = 0.38 K has been studied.<sup>*a*</sup> Infrared spectra indicate that ammonia clusters consisting of about  $10^4$  molecules have a compact structure and that inner molecules in the clusters have similar hydrogen-bonded coordination as in crystalline ammonia.<sup>*b*</sup> Compact structures were also obtained in the case of CH<sub>4</sub> and HCl clusters.<sup>*c*</sup> These findings are consistent with ballistic aggregation of particles in the superfluid He droplets. Vibrational and rotational Raman spectra were used to study the state of hydrogen clusters.<sup>*d*</sup> Clusters formed in expansion of a neat para-H<sub>2</sub> gas are solid as evidenced by the vibrational frequency and characteristic splitting of the rotational S<sub>0</sub>(0) line. However, clusters of about  $10^5$  molecules at estimated T < 1 K, obtained upon expansion of highly diluted para-H<sub>2</sub> in He (<1%) have a singular S<sub>0</sub>(0) line characteristic of a fluid state. These results offer prospects for observation of superfluidity in hydrogen, which has long been predicted theoretically, but still eludes experimental confirmation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>V. Mozhayskiy, M. N. Slipchenko, V. K. Adamchuck and A. F. Vilesov J. Chem. Phys. <u>127</u>, 094701 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>M. N. Slipchenko, B. G. Sartakov and A. F. Vilesov J. Chem. Phys., in press (2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>D. Skvortsov, M. Y. Choi and A. F. Vilesov J. Phys. Chem. A <u>111</u>, 12711 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>K. E. Kuyanov, M. N. Slipchenko, B. Khalajestani, R. Sliter, and A. F. Vilesov 62th International Symposium on Molecular Spectroscopy, paper RB05 (2007).