

## VIBRONIC SPECTROSCOPY OF JET-COOLED 2-FLUORO-*m*-XYLYL AND 2-CHLORO-*m*-XYLYL RADICALS GENERATED BY CORONA DISCHARGE

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By means of a technique of corona excited supersonic expansion (CESE) combined with a pinhole-type glass nozzle developed in this laboratory, we generated vibronically excited but jet-cooled 2-fluoro-*m*-xylyl and 2-chloro-*m*-xylyl radicals from precursors 2-fluoro-*m*-xylene 2-chloro-*m*-xylene with a large amount of carrier gas He, respectively. The well-resolved vibronic emission spectra of the jet-cooled radical species were recorded with a long-path monochromator in the visible region. From the analysis of the spectrum, we determine an accurate electronic energy of the  $D_1 \rightarrow D_0$  transition and the frequencies of vibrational modes in the ground electronic state by comparison with those of *ab initio* calculations and the known spectroscopic data of precursors for the first time. The red-shift of the origin band of each species from parental benzyl radical agrees well with those predicted from synergic effect of each substituent into benzene ring.