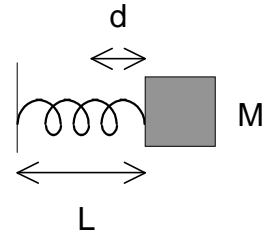


SAMPLE FIRST MIDTERM

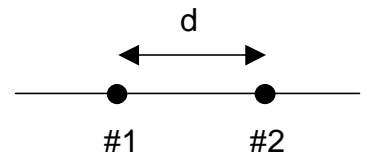
Problem 1. A block of mass M is connected to a spring with spring constant k and relaxed length L . The block/spring is compressed a distance d and released. Neglect gravity. Use: $M = 8.0 \text{ kg}$, $k = 2.0 \text{ N/m}$, $L = 0.10 \text{ m}$, $d = 0.020 \text{ m}$.

- (a) What is the maximum distance the block obtains from the wall?
- (b) How long does it take to first reach the maximum distance from the wall starting from the initial position?



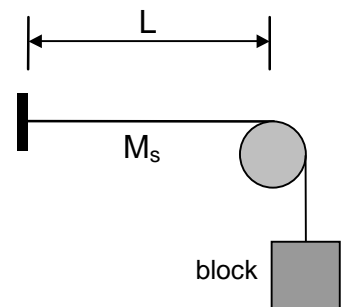
Problem 2. A transverse wave, amplitude A and frequency f , propagates on a string to the right. You observe that, at some instant in time, two points on the string a distance d apart have a phase difference of $\Delta\phi$. Use: $A = 10 \text{ cm}$, $f = 40 \text{ Hz}$, $d = 5 \text{ cm}$, $\Delta\phi = \pi/6$.

- (a) What is the wavelength of the wave?
- (b) If point #1 has height 2.0 cm at some time, what are the possible heights of point #2?



Problem 3. A string is secured to a wall at one end and pulled on by a block from the other. The section of string between the wall and pulley has length, L , and mass, M_s . This section is oscillating transversely in its fourth harmonic at a frequency, f , with a node at the pulley.

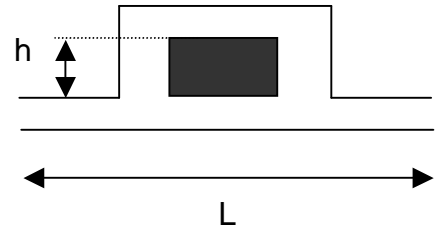
- (a) What is the wave speed?
- (b) What is the mass of the block?



SAMPLE FIRST MIDTERM

Problem 4. A sound wave, frequency f , enters the left hand side of the arrangement of pipes shown. What are the two smallest values of h so that the sound intensity at the right end will be a minimum?

Use: $f = 1200 \text{ Hz}$, $L = 10 \text{ m}$.



Problem 5. A speaker is between you and a wall. The speaker is emitting a sound wave at frequency f and is moving towards the wall at speed v_0 .



There will be a beat between the sound from the speaker going directly to you and the sound reaching you after bouncing off the wall. What is the beat frequency? [Use " v " to represent the speed of sound.]